TIMEX User Manual



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TIMEX User Manual

Time! Preduct Serious Center Little Rock, AR 72203

1-800-24-TIMEX

@ 1982 by Timex Corporation

6 1982 by Sinclair Research Limited

by Steven Vickers with revisions by

This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used properly, that is, in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause interference to radio and television reception. It has been type tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device in accordance with the specifications in Subpart J of Part 15 of PCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by no or more of the following measures:

- rentient the receiving antenna
- relocate the computer with respect to the receiver
- move the computer away from the receiver
- plug the computer into a different outlet so that computer and receiver are on different branch circuits.

If necessary, the user should consult the dealer or an experienced radio' television technician for additional suggestions. The user may find the lotwing booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission helpful: "How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems". This booklet is available from the US Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, Stock No. 004-00-00345.4.

WARNING: This equipment has been certified to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules. Only peripherals computer input/output devices, terminals, printers, etc.) certified to computer input/output devices. Iteminals, printers, etc.) Operation with non-certified peripherals is alkely to result in interference to radio and TV reception.

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DISSITED WADDANTY

Basic Coverage: This Timex/Sinclair Computer is warranted to the owner for a period of 90 days from date of original purchase against defects in manufacture. This limited warrantly is given by Timex Computer Corporation — not by the dealer from whom it was purchased.

What Timex Will Do: If a defect in manufacture of the Computer is discovered within 90 days from date of original purchase, Timex Computer Comporation will, at its option, repair or replace the defective unit.

What You Must Do: You must return the Computer, indicating date of purchase, to Timex Product Service Center with a written explanation of the reason for the return.

Return your unit postane pre-paid to:

Timex Product Service Center P.O. Box 2740 7000 Murray Street Little Book, AR 72203

To protect against in-transit loss, we recommend you insure your Computer.

1 Imitations:

THE ABOVE REMEDY IS EXCLUSIVE. TIMEX COMPUTER CORPORATION LIMITS THE DURATION OF ANY WARRANTY IMPLIED BY STATE LAW, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY. TO SO DAYS FROM THE AREA OF ORIGINAL PURCHASE TIMEX COMPUTER CORPORATION IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY MICHEST MICHASE TIMEX COMPUTER CORPORATION IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY MICHEST MICHASIA CONSCILLENTIAL DAMAGE. This warranty gives you specific legal difference of the computer of the comput

This warranty is void if the Computer has been tampered with or ill-treated or if the defect is related to servicing not performed by us.



Introduction

Getting Started

Welcome to the world of computing. Sefore you plug in your new Timex/ Sinclair 1000, please take a moment to think about this exciting new adventure. We want to assure you that:

- 1. You will enjoy computing.
- 2. You will find it easy as well as enjoyable.
- You shouldn't be afraid of the computer. You are smarter than it is. So is your parakeet, for that matter.
- 4. You will make mistakes as you learn. The computer will not laugh at you.
- Your mistakes will not do any harm to the computer. You can't break it by pushing the "wrong" button.

You are about to take a giant step into the future. Everyone will soon be using computers in every part of their daily lives, and you will have a head start

You do not need to know how to program a computer to use the T/S 1000, any more than you need to know how to do a tuneup to drive a car. You may want to learn to program — it is not difficult and can be very enjoyable — but you can use the computer for the rest of your life without having to learn programming.

A computer is a tool, like a hammer or saw — or perhaps like a food processor. Hammers and saws generally do nolly one thing well. A food processor can perform different operations, and normally you can "program" it by simply pushing the proper buttons. A computer is an information tool, and is the most versatile tool ever invented. Because it can do many things, it needs a sequence of instructions to perform any particular task. These instructions are called monganes.

There are many available programs for your everyday use with your Timex/ Sinclair 1000. You can use them for learning, and for home or business management filike balance-sheet calculations, record-keeping, accounting/ bookkeeping, taxes, personal or business inventories, etc.). You can maintain athletic statistics, recious, actifices, or Christmas-card lists revenue recitations.

learn and use mathematics, play games, and do many other things.

One of the most important uses of the Timex-Sinciar computer is as an educational tool. Right important uses of the Timex-Sinciar computer is as an educational tool. Right most properties are beginning to use computers in school. They are learning about conflicted and they are using computers to help them learn other subjects. Your 1/S 1,00m and they are using computers to home, whether their schools have computers or not. Mentioned learning, You can programs are available, for both tutorial help and advanced learning, You can indicate the available of the schools have computers or not. When the programs are being diveloped learning. You can find all of these programs are the same store where you bought your Times Sinciair 1900. Many more programs are being diveloped right now for the T/S 1900, because it is the world's best-selling computer. In the near future, your personal computer will be able to dial and answer your telephone, monitor your burgles alarm, control appliances, water your lawn and perform many other duries for you. Keep in touch with your dealers.

About This Guide

This book is in several sections, as you can see from the Table of Contents. The first section tells you how to plug in and set up your Timex/Sinclair 1000, and use programs from books and tape cassettes. The second part is an elementary introduction to programming, so that you can, if you wish, learn the basics and better understand how the computer does its work. Later sections get into more advanced programming and provide reference material for experts.

Some of the later chapters may be especially valuable to you if you want to

program for particular uses:

Chapter 21, "The T/S 1000 for Those Who Understand BASIC," is an introduction to the specifics of Sinclair BASIC as used by the T/S 1000, and is a good starting place for experienced programmers — but it is also a good review for beginners when they have reached that point in the book.

If you want to be your cane at writing games with moving graphics, or make artistic designs on the screen, you'll want to see Chapter 13, "The Character Set." 14. "Graphics." and 16. "Time and Motion." Eventually, you'll begon want thereter \$6. "Thus before Core."

You in even want company and content and you inclined. Chapters 11. "Mathematics with the TUS 1000," and 15. "Continues and and their threat transit and for you give to manipulse leave making so you give to manipulse leave to the property of the second sections." 18. "String " and 19. "Substrings," as well as per leave 19. "Substrings," as well as per leave 19. "Substrings," as well as per

tape 17; serrays.

Hese for an area and relationary upon Times Sanda a 1970 commutario



How to Set Up Your T/S 1000

We've provided everything you need to start using your 1-S 1600 computer immediately, with your own television set and an definery audio conserts recorder.

Here are the companents of your personal computer system:

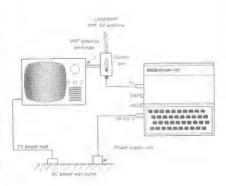
- Your relevance set. You can use a palor or a black and white set but, of course, the Timax Supplar 1,000 will display in black and white only.
- 2 A transfer switch tox, which enables you to switch between your TV antenna and the computer.
- 3. A cable about four feet long, to sermed the computer to your TV.
- The computer Itself. You will see three jock sockets on one side, marked SV OC IN, EAR and MIC, a linger socket marked TV, and on the back, an openspace in which you can see an edge of the arrast board mark.

- 6. The prover county. It is a transformer that plags into any standard wall seeked. The unit is a contributed by the computer is 30.00 th seeked. You will be glief to hear that must resum the play of the computer is 50.00 th seeked. You will be glief to hear that must resum the play at the computer seeked. The computer is the play of the computer seeked at all and can play it mid the worse socket in the TLS 1000 congress of the computer is the constitution of the play of the computer is an order of the play of the computer is an order of the play of the computer is an order of the play of the computer is the play of the computer is the play of the computer is the play of the pla
- 6. A stable cable, about a tant long, with 3.5 mm pluys at each end, to connect the 1/S 1000 in your tage cassettle recorder.
- 7. Your ceasurer recently. You'll need use that we increase the 3.5 mm plug in its supprise part microphisms actions. If you have a resource problems and its problems and its problems and its problems and its problems. If you have a resource in detect each plug. You will probably be able to get very incapantive attributes retires than buying brighter unknown occurrent than buying brighter unknown occurrent problems are supprised to be a recorder will be a recorder with the 1.5 miles and, in fact, depending and problems are all properties because the problems and in the financial problems. If you have problems are all problems are a recorder will be a recorder than a recorder and the problems are all problems. If your booster recorder has a recorder. By massuring truth much be the significant by you find programs mechanism. The numbers of the Counter of which can help you find programs.

Now that you have all the call's assembled, you can get the system trugether. If you are going to try seem programming on your seem, you can do without the interester and see to Element 1 after setting or, if you have a recentler and want to use some pre-accorded settings, or seem on tape some of your own programming, you Ill want to be professionally or divinit on tape some of your own programming, you Ill wast to be professionally.

First, decourse, the WHF TV proteins years from your securior set iyou and says the UHF wires done. Command the virtues from the transfer system box to the learning or your TV incleast, and then connect from streams even to the securior market TV a transfer system to the transfer system of the protein system of the securior markets TV at the southern than the southern the southern than the southern the southern the southern than the southern the sand into the TV at 0.00.

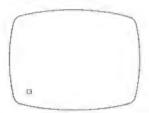
NOTE: If you invest cable TV, or a 75-white external teed to round work and only in a screen learned to you will head to pink up a small device to current this to the scandard, that have seen advantaged that comments to the prainter excited best sometimes of this device, which may be called a "165" Vet matching committee "75 to -350 sheet comments". Cable cabingtor or "VCR eclaptor" to mission at your house aleast as some of the device which may be called a "165" Vet matching the "or "VCR eclaptor". Simpose at your house aleast may be store will be able to be seen to be sufficient to the content your cable comments if their wine goes into your all wheeled of screwing on the first which goes into your all wheeled of screwing on the first wine goes into your all wheeled of screwing on the first wines.



Second, plug the power supply into the wall and into the SV DC IN socket on the computer.

Third, turn on the TV Set if to channel 2 or channel 3, whichever one is not being used for broadcasting in your area. Make sure the switch or the brittom of your T/S 1000 is set to the same channel. Turn the sound all the way drown.

You should have a moture like this on your screen



the [3 in the lower left-hand corner of the screen is called the cursor, and means the T/S 1999 is ready for action

Fourth, connect your resorder to the computer with the twin leads. Although wo've provided box, it may be last the use them one at a time lynuces experiment, connect the earphone socket on the recorder to the EAR socket on the computer in order in lead a paragram from tape that the EAR socket on the computer in order in lead a paragram from tape that the EAR 100% and the microphone socket of the recorder to the computer's MIC socket to absorb programm use of what information arm or written.

NOTE. The picture on your TV screen should be clear: if you are petiting interference, by the following stead or order.

- I Adjust the tuning control on the set, then by the brightness, contrast, and norizontal hold thorizontal is usually on the back of the set!
 - 2. Move the computer away from the TV sat: or if possible, pluce it lower than the sat.
- Plug the computer into a different circuit from the television set, usually cutlets on opposite walls are on different branch.
 - 6. You may wish to try a longer Ishaided cobia between the switch box and the computer to move the T°S 1080 still farther away from the TV.
 - 5 Consult an experienced radio: TV repairmen, your set may need adjusting.

Now you're ready to use your Times/Sinclair 1000!

Using Ready-to-Run Programs

As of now these are many programs in which for the Times Section 1080 computer, programs which are two and programs which is set for the section 50 are flow than more inner content and of most five wife for the traction workfor for the 3 within 285° the predicts are of time 1.5 1000, as and on which computer.

Some program — the total lone — may request by L.S. 1016-168 SAM.

Some program in the attacked is the made of the computer to restore the vulgator's memory company. It is given by the form now of can hole The

Lifek RAM Frank is a will labilit with any your successful your opening se-

Some seek you will load a grogram with the computer break staps consisted for any one of the computer break staps and ever me, and ever me are a soften as you have doed any on the computer remains on it wall receive that presents. When you are done and seen of the computer as well desired in that presents. When you are done and seen of the computer is well desired from the 1.8 1,500 to enhance managing best of course, you will still request on load in the computer of the co

Sometimes que, and type in a program from a posit in order to use it, and then will easily to ease it an a tage parache. Then the next time you want to use it will ease it was not to be a first own it have a first own it have a first own it.

And sometimes there will be programs you will lead from a tape, add data to, and then ease the program with the solded data on amother part of the tape, separate from the original program.

Let's look at how each of these is done

Loading a program from tape

Every progress should lake a rease, and any cassaste that has trees their nop program on it should provide you with an index istains the names of all the programs on the tape. Often this index wall make the installar of each program with a tape course ramble. If you set the counter to 600, then non the tape forward to the number of program you want to use, you should be at that program is approximate location. Counters since cassorts recorder counters are usually not exact, it is a good when you stop is few members about it this indust income. In 1803 if the index case for 0.25, for instance.

With all the components of your system connected and turned on as discussed a Chapter I make our tast your special processing to the beginning

and that the E3 outgot is on your TV streen

Connect the EAB speket on the computer to the "carphone" or "headphones" socked on the tape recorder to about 1 mar quarters of the markinum.

Walturns: If it has three controls, argues them so that troble is high and bass is

Then type

when is what you get when you press the J key while the G consor is showing. Whenever the [3 consor is on the screen, pressing any key will give you the keyword command printed above that key on the keyboard.) Notice that the community has control.

FORD

on the screen

You's notice also that the cursor has changed to [5]. This means that the curriputer now will interpret any key you pross as the fefter or new larged symbol on any key. If you pressed the Jikey agent, for instance, you'd get a

If you want one of the symbols printed in red on a key, you hald down the SHIFT key higher that SHIFT is a red, too) and press the key you want. That is what we will do:

You want to instruct the computer to load the program you wish to use, so you must put the name in quotes. Suppose you want to rue a program for a game, called STAR ZAP.

Hold down the SHIFT key and press the Pikey and you'll get quotation marks. Then, without SHIFT, type in the retire of the program, making swee you have it exactly right including spaces. Then type SHIFT Piggan for quotation marks. Your screen will look like this.

Iff you make a chatake, you can start over by plassing NEW, and then ENTER or by bine's a charging the computer. In Chapter 3, we will show you have been your base corrections without start makes.

Now start the a issette no order fan PLAY', and then type

ENTER

You will see patients of back and contenting for the program we've seeing and the program we've seeing for the program we've seeing and the program we've seeing and the standard ones while the program is large landed into the PS 1006. When it is read, the standard will be the program of the second of the second will be the "seein" of 2011 methods that the computer has secondard; completed the backing accomment? Yac can them then the program of the secondards.

If the inflor tape place — or so much of it than you suspect that you suspect that you suspect that you strong an has not loaded property — and you do it get the 8 8 report, pressure BREAK key. Someoning has give strong and home of the proceduration in the most har inter-section to had, must the

neavy times start I

For extende it is posses that the table was not prestored integers the mention were the following countries were not followed, seeked the compacts might not have for at the begins in of the program you desired. This is received if the first paragraph for meet integers to seek under the program to fine, integers cannot be the program for the program to the carrier than before, and the passion.

The next most lively problem is that the valuable events too high oil too low it needs to be tablead enough for the computer to pack an the program, this next so load that the program is discreted this is actually fairly lively, and lot doubt enough for the alterst part to be recommend as when the the comments.

The best adjustment is to furnishe volume up as bud as if will go without causing alters aprune unlike tage to be receiv, you gon street him to produce betting the play in the recorder's causty-best association of interesting to the tage do the speaker. If the service is very raisiv, within you shall have the volume set too high or our may have other problems.

Some tape recinction out forms a feedback loop with the FI.S. 1900. This means that output from the operating gots level by with injurity to the recorder, insulting a distriction of the gight. This is very very commanded connecting only one lead on a time: if you've injuried domesting with both EAR and MIC connections made, you may not be able to lead it.

Some tage recorders can receip a 60 cycle AC This can be evened.

ow operation them on batteries

Some tops recommended as old, word class — are off raicely housy, and produce hill all extransions consists they tapes. You may have to impost a problem recommender.

You may have to waggle the plag in the carprison stocket, on some recontains contact in lost if the plug is publied in tao fac. If you put if out just a bit, you may heel it settling into a more secure position.

It is possible to load a program extroour using its name. If you type

from start your recorder and press ENTER. the 1.2 1000 wall lead the first congram discusses to You can use the medical 8 pair or frequent the camp of a program. You can even lead died use of whicher of programs on a table, one other anyther. When you storp the mounter after you have finished bearing one program the laws will be incompleted from all 1.

When you live successfully income a rangram twelfing by the C O report!.

you can use it by pressing

HUN and ENTER

and then following the instructions are program intelligents you on the screen and any profile instructions.

You can be at the program by typing.

LIST and ENTER

and then BUN it if you like!

Yuning a neinted program and saving it on tope

Many shorter programs are evaluable in books and magazinus. You can use treem by simply typing from it. Type them exactly as they appear in the publication, making ourse your soalings are correct, and at points intermed spaces as yell.

You can check your listing by comparing what you have on the screen with the printed version. See Chapter 3 for how to use y make corrections

When you've finished typing the program in, you execute it by pressing

RUN and ENTER

as above. When you've finished using it — either you reach the and or year unterrupt the program by arresting fac key marked BREAK — you can get the listing back on the screen by pressing

ENTER

again. You don't have to type LIST in Sindar BASIC! Then, after verifying law using it that the program works and that you've typed in ormsely, you an save if for future use or tape. You don't have to try it out first, or ourse, but then you might be going to the trouble of soving a program that wen't you!

Saving a program on tape

As we said earlier, every program should have a rigins. The T-S 1000, in fact, won't save a program on tage without a name. You can make up a number to a program you mixely use the name of a program you make typed in as allows, or over change that name to something you like better. Whatever you

call the program when you save if will be the name you have to ask for to load

NOTE It is a good idea to put the name of a program into the listing of that programs so you can itsushed that you have the right own. The emissist way is to use a Elfal line of the beginning REM — the deviated over the Eleva — missis remains or consider. Any fam in a program that shares with REMI is not used by the compater. But is shown on the convention to their terms of the contractors.

The Times Skelan 1800 automotically contrible toward name benefiting of a program first, and arranges all the lines in ownersel order. You can suit a new risk the - a REM statement in the program, after you have loaded it by tuning.

S DEM "STAR ZAD" ENTED

samp a line number lower than the lowest in the listing type of use 5 if, for instance, the third line of the program stated with the number 400 and, of course, the around name of your program.

Connect the MIC socket of the contractor to the mercureone socket of the recorder. Peacher the tage in a next that a blank, or a next that you are prepared to overwrite. Two:

SAVE "STAR 7AP"

Start the rape recorder, on PECOPD, then press

ENTER

Wetch the TV screen "You" see the letter of think and white from and wondowle the nationary discussions arrived with the contempt of the CV.

As a creek on whether the records the reserved the program cornerly, vib can leafer for it over the presser. However, the time to write you storted and play it back. You should hear, in order

- 1. A soft, numerica buzz. This is the aigned before you pressed ENTER
- 2 Five seconds of silence
- 3. A very nearly, high-pitched bycz, will this the promonintself. This will go on longer for a longer program.
- 4. The soft, humming buzz again

NOTE: A technique that may make it easier to find paragrams you record is to speak the name of the program crist the tage through the incrementation before commissing the computer to the recording Then you can search for the sound of your amount cement to find the program.

You can clieck on your success at saving a program by following the LOAD instructions above

Saving programs with your own data entered

Sume programs are meant for you to enter your own date into — saving lists, figures, etc. These are easily used by following the same procesures we've just discussed.

- 1. LOAD the program as we've described
- 2. RUN the program, entering your uwo data as it is called for
- 3. SAVE the program with data in it, using a new name to distinguish it has the original program. If, for example, you load a program course "Colculator" and then fill in your personal finance in recurring you may want to save the filled-in version under the name "Finances."

As you can see, there are many ways to use your funex Sergiair 1000 without learning computer programming. But if you'd like to look into it, try the next chapters and see how you like it.

Telling the Computer What To Do

Now that you have the screen lasking like the picture in Chapter 1, you can enter special computer "instructions". For example,

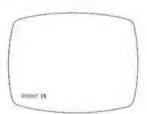
PRINT 2+2

makes the computer compute the sum 2.1.2 and display [PRINT] the result on the screen. An instruction like this, which the computer acts upon immediately, is dehiclally called a BASIC comman.

Others are other BASIC statements that are used in programs — they are not operated on immediately. These will be sovered in Chapters 4-71

To type in this command

 First type PRINT But, although as you can see the keyboard has a key for each letter, you do not spell this word out P.R.J.N.T. As soon as you press P. the whole word will come up on the screen, followed by a space, and the screen will look like this:



The reason is that at the beginning of each command the companies is expecting a between a word that specifies what knee of command it is. The keywords are written above the keys, and you will see that "PRIMI" appears above the Pikey so that so set "PRIMI" would have to make your

The computer late your know that it expects a knowled by the B that you had to start of your lives a sincer always a winter on back concern coded lettle, when E is 1 \$10 or \$10

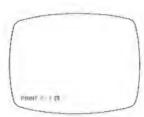
This system of pressmu put one key to get more than one system is used a lot on the 1.5 COD in the risk of the manual, worse, well their own keys are printed in BOLD TYPE.

Kaywords cannot be typed in letter by letter

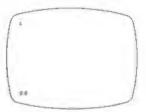
Mow type 2. This should cause no mothern. Appl. your smould see 2 appears on the screen, and the IR house despitate to the right.

Note also have a sprain or outcommon a part homeone PRINT and 2. This is dear as the interpretation, so heat are harmly even have to have a sprain of the appropriate the same and it will not affect the common of

d. Now tune 2 again. The screen will lank the flus



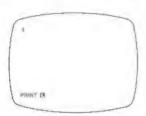
Now priss ENTER, the key
 1. You press this key when you are
this hed with a line. The computer will then compute. In our gove, the screen
changes to.



4 is the answer — but of course you ston't need a computer to figure that out

3.0 is the report or which the comparies falls you list at got where it is blate that zero is written with a disability utilizing with a from copial in The first 5 means. OR, no problems. Let the very end of the book, where you can flat or reporting the conditionally, there is a flat of the very end of the book, where you can flat or reporting the woman in the second or moons that the last thing store was the 5.7 You will see later. When you said this where programs in that is a there as properly let an extend or seem of the second or seem to the second or second or seem to the second or second or

You should imagine a report as Inding a 13 cursor — I you press P for PRINT now, the present will disappear and the present of increase to



The cursor can also be used for correcting mistakes, type $\pm \pm 3$, to get

on the bottom line. When you press ENTER you get



The Elis the systax error marker the systax is the grammar of messages, saying which are allowed and which are notif; it shows that the computer got as far as "PRIM". " but allowed a law that it was install "assall" messages.

What you want to do, of course, is to delete the first # and replace it with — let us say ~ 3. Pist you have to rever the course so that it is just to the right of the first #: there are two keys, 0 and * sightled 5 and suffered 81, that move the curses left and right, singling SMET idown, passe the 1 key rovier. This provises the curses left two left two claims to be some

PRINT + PI+2

Now press the DELETE key ishifted St. and you will get

PRINT IS+2

DELETE removes the character for knowledge immediately to the left of the cursor. If you now more 5 a "3" will be inserted, again immediately to the left of

the cursor, giving

PRINT 319+2

and pressing ENTER gives the answer (5).

The key (shifted 8) works just like the . key, except that it moves the cursor right instead of left.

Summary

This chapter has covered how to type in commands for the T-S 1000 number of the shall be shal

the G and Discussors

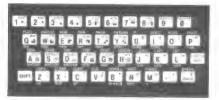
tue FT aut

the syntax error marker. El

and frow to correct mistakes using 1, 1 and DELETE

The Keyboard

Here is a picture of the keyboard.



If you are not familiar with typewriters, you can use this illustration to earn where all the letters are. Remarkant that to use SHIFT, you have to haid it down at the same time that you press another key. Do not confuse the digit 0 with letter 0.

If you are a typist, you must also remember that you cannot use a power case L for the numeral 1

Writing a Program

We are now going to write our first computer program which is a set of instructions to the computer in the not inharder, we give the computer commends, which is accorded immediately. Now set will begin to construct attractions when the 1'S 1000 or barry out in order Although you will be small, there are programs of many throughout of times, which are computers to same, there are programs of many throughout of the wind barrier computers to same, but a negligible and computers to same, out insplicit of machine to recover a store and carry out many is in the ballity of the machine to recover a store and carry out many.

efficient demands programs. To 1000 in a computer "language" called BASIC behalf stands to Beginnin is 40 purposes Egindad sharmaster Could have at 2 bettern the College, BASIC feet is made to be a sharmaster Could have at 2 bettern the College, BASIC feet is made to be a sharmaster or the standard of the computer and the computer and the computer assporation an

Let's get started. First, type NEW and three ENTER. That a reat anything

that much be left over in the commuter from Chantel 3 and plans the marks tornation

Then type

10 DEINT "MELLO LAGY!

B you are a result, he sure you use moveral 1, not the lowercase 1, in the 16 the use thing there is no lower case on the 1 5 1000 1 Also be seen an use zoro IO ent's the plach mask through ill rother than the latter O. The 10 or from of the same command while typed before coming it a program line. Type EMTER and see what hannens

Now the cursor is ready assert at the bettom of the screen. Type the

25 GOTO 16 ESITED

Nate that GOTO is a knowned base the 6 key, and smooth not be spelled

Now you have a program? To execute in type RUN Newwood over R. notice they must of the knewsquis are ours the latters they start gate? I and

were about that? That's printing stuff for my little others you gut in. As we can't be corrected a out were orner. But a foot and acquists and trained wise do no possitions. One of the most new full immensor BASC as see GOTO, direction the computer to so back to an earlier line and must what it's dang before

You'll notice the report 5 10 at the aptorn of the score. That minute it stopped became the spreen was tilled (5), and and expound the 10. You can clear the agreen and allow the computer or institute by Ivany DONT from ENTER

mere's apprechang rise. When the computer is running down the series. saying "Hello, Jack" press the BREAK key by an apulifor as the SPACE keyl and notice that the last stops wherever it is when you present BREAK. The computer chicks at the end of every process and to see if anyone has brusage BREAK, if so, it stops the program Trou can also use BREAK to stop a runaway program, an "arulless loge," as a mastired LOADara trum a Tupe cassette. If BREAK coasn't work, were wind up having to pull the plus and you lose whatever's in the machine!

You can restart the program ofter the BREAK, also by knying CONT, then ENTER. CONTinue lets you continue when the samen is full, when you interrupt the program with BREAK or STOP, or when a group in order jobs

with the STOP command

Okay After you've had your fill of fooling around with BREAK and CONT let the impurant stop with a full somen, and touch ENTER som? "Our program is back on the screen. You out RUN is again the about RUN ENTERI and then display it again ENTER! You can go on to something else and keep it in the computer until you erase it, the computer a memory gets full, or you unplug the machine

Punctuation and Arranging Output on the Screen

You can do wonders with punctuation marks in a F-S 1000 Basic program. For instance, let's clean up with NEW ENTER then type

> 10 PRINT "JACK". 29 GOTO 19

Notice that we've decided to dispense with the "HELLO". And, instead of JACK, why don't you go ahead and use your own name? In a program, the computer will treat everything in quotes as a stone is stone of characters! and the string can be of any length - and it down't have to make some. The 14S 1000 will print JACK, but it will just as faithfully print HERMAN. JACQUELINE or KLJY6677F

Most importantly, notice the comma we've added - and to the dismay of your sixth-grade English teacher, it is after and outside the quotation marks. Type RUN, ENTER

The screen is \$2 characters wide in 1.51,000 operations, multipling 0.to 31, and the common moves the beginning of the next settly so position 16 and present on the rest limit, depending in where the last entry simulated so you can make two columns, as long as your name is not more than 15 lasters line.

Let's site what a serricolog does. But don't write out the program with

NEW, Just press ENTER to bring it back.
These diss, at the top of the corner. There is a Ultranit kind of the source.

times. Substanting that are 20 years the last time governotised. Now have SMITT down and press the sport over a substant 20 years the substant as to have 40 shown the press that are substant as the substant and press the substant and the substant are substant as the substant and the substant are substant as the subst

The semisation starts the expend PRINT entry right after the first one that the support of the first one that the present of t

press SPACE. Then ENTER And RUN And ENTER Female.

There is a fact you can use with the EDIT function, by the Way It you rewarding on a long program are and face it of messed as as that you way that would give warped polycomes as stated your, you make DB EPF as many that would give warped by the state of the program for any trackes to get black to the left manger. Or you must prove the first surprise IDIT before any trackes to get black to the left manger. Or you want working on. Then he IDITER and reform the well-bill ad the as the program, giving you is direct place to want with on the left.

We still have one problem with JACK, and most isely with your name, too — the reams is riseded in different ways at the wood of the lines. Supplies we want to like up it is more may need ordains. With a bottlem, we are not wen.

columns: how can we get more?

With the TAB command, whele is arterly a fewerer. While actuely t's fewerer in a t's treates as one because of abore it's leasted in the keyboard.

Clear the program (NEW, ENTER) and type

10 PRINT

You'd then find TAB written under the Place is gut it familities up all school functions written interest eyes, foot drawn SHITP and omiss FUNCTION sentance ENTER. The committee of the SHITP is a sentence of the SHITP covered the next large as a function. Thus can let ge of the SHITP covered the correct of sell \$1. These TAB. I apparent on the organization and the cursor changes tack to \$1. The correct of the sentence of them to serve extends a server strong the correct of the server strong th

ID DOMETED 1-1/ IACK

Now we want in applicate the columns of sames by a space. Since JACK has four letters we add a space by making the raik! entry at TAB 6, using particulars between each entry.

IN BUILTAR THE SECRETAR COLLARS

If your name has a different number of letters from JACK, set ade the name of letter, byte one for the space, so the set IAB, numbers in content to get the rexTIAB position. Need doing this but the east you do? Those from that from 3° effects or spaces in all concern their stress you got you have not not not of the you do, you service the stress you got your name of the you do, you service the stress of the concern the stress of the

10 PRINT TAB 1;"JACK";TAB 6;"JACK";TAB 11; "JACK" TAB 16 "JACK" TAB 21 "JACK";TAB 26 "JACK"

Then ENTER. From new on, we'll stop remeding you count ENTER ENTER

20 GOTO 10

BUN the program, Isn't that tidy/



Loops and Ifs

We mentioned exists that GOTO code the a very present a command, because it denotes the consuste or repeat in action over and over mentional code and over mention over the code of the co

18 LET (= 1

The LET statement energies is the 10 a consolide by the quality of the variables and it is being congred to the variables and it is being congred to the color of 1 floor and the same nor 15 1000 \$6.50 as long as partially as a sample one in 15 1000 \$6.50 as long as 10s into any or a state 10 as a time and in a consolid to the IRNIPAYMENT for Cartey, of the consolided and according to the IRNIPAYMENT of the consolided and according to the IRNIPAYMENT of the consolided and the IRNIPAYMENT of the IRNIPAYM

stown canables on an air always named to a comic latter followed by a ridder com schilted It. In the presuper removes the commence of an analysis of the R. CROMBIE, instead of spelling digit such time, you must have done this.

> 10 LET AS-"AREPODOMBIE" 20 PRINT TAR 1:AS:TAR 13:AS: and so onl

Last summer with our proparage for this country. New type 20 PRINT "HELLD JACK"

30 LET I=I+1

Highling mont there martined. You expect the techniques test but 4.12. Milled kind of math is that?

Well it isn't much it's programming. And in a LPT statement is BASIC into tikey. It means "set the new value of I enter to the out yet a plus 1" in other words increase the value of the 1. So each time we continued the apparam. in a repeating loop, the counter will be repeating 1. In a moment we'll see why. Type on

4D IF I=6 THEM GOYO GO

Ahall Sa each terre we get to line 40, the T 3 1000 will himk the estua of When it reaches 6 - the sixth turn through the program - it will GOTO ine 60. Until Laurab 5, the program will just 65 to 15 the past fine withe 40. metical

> 50 GOTO 20 60 STOP

HINK we GOTO 50 and STOP. Hills not result to 6, we no used 40 to 50. which in turn term us to GO FO 20 and sturn over from obere 1 et's RHM at

We've nimbed "HELLO JACK" five times the sixth time we went to 60 mistered. Press ENTER to get back the listing. The IE statement with its dades an-making statute, is unether of BAS C's countries t leatures

that that was a face of unswipon. There is a cleaner approach, garled the FOR MEXT Icon From this is witness factories at the ore presentation.

TOO FOR != 1 TO 5 IUse shifted 4 for YO: don't snell it out! 110 PRINT "HELLO JACK"

120 NEYTI

Discommonwhale and a the country or contilling the day on their another services of POR NEXT Gops a cust have running a single tester long.)

To RUN that part of the program type or RUN 130 instead of rost RUN the computer a lawing at the new and we start reasons at any line you emorphy. After you've see how that finds for program does ust what the previous six- minuters. Inok at the board again by Isoma LIST 100. If you want to see both fistings for, more process, at all what is peak a compleissual just lit ENTER agen - or LIST with his line number, and then

ENTER IThis is the way most BASICs handle the listing function: the T-S

SPECIAL NOTE: "When you see "RUN 100." you clear all variobles before beginning the run if fee series required to the series variobles that you have assigned selects to use "GOTO 100" restood. The command HUN results, 15 that 15 though you should you that make write "first" the keys board if you want to clear all the variobles.— So resioning if you need the

An extra subtlety is that the control variable does not have to go up by 1 each times, you can change the 1 to anything else you like by around a STEP part in the FOR statement. If line 100 read:

then you'd get 3 "HELLO, JACK"'s before the loop reached its limit and stopped. The STEP need not be to whole numbers, and the control value need not his the limit eventy — If goes on looping as long as it is less than or equal to the limit.

You must be careful if you are number two FOR/NEXT cops together, one inside the other. Try this program, which prints out a complete set of 6-spot decribed.

- IO FORM-OTO S
- 20 FOR N=0 TO M
 - 30 PRINT M: ": ": N: "
 - 40 NEXT N
 - SO NEXT M

You can see that the N-loop is entirely inside the M-loop — in other words, they are correctly inisted. What must be avoided is two FORNEXT loops that overlap without a titler being entirely united the other like this.

- 10 FOR M=0.TO 6
- 20 FOR N=0 TO 6
- 30 PRINT M. "" WRONG
- 40 NEXT M
- SO PRINT
- BO NEXT N

Two FOR/NEXT loops must be either one inside the other, or completely separate. Another timing to eved is purposing into the middle of a FOR/NEXT loop from catalide. V/ou might do this with a GOTO discoting the computer to a line after a FOR statement, and when you get to the NEXT statement, you will probably eat or error report 1 or 2.1

Now let's take a look at a program that might be of some use, and some statements we haven't seen before. First type it in, and then we'll analyze it. 1/5 DEM OROCOAM TO MILL TID: V DV DI

(Snet) out Pl in lines 10 and 20)

(Spell out Pfin lines 10 and 20)

On providing the Special Assistance in Explication (MISSER BY RE)

30 PRINT

40 PRINT "ENTER A NUMBER"

50 INPUT A

60 PRINT A" TIMES PIE ": A"PI

(Use the function PI — the — under the MSec. — a tanaign the permeater will joint it takes kneet we spelled out version in lines 19 and 200

70 PRINT

80 8010 36

Now, let's talk a bit about this program before we sin it.

1. Notice the line numbers we have learn using any methods of ter.

A ways up this is a "first that". Secause the computer automatically puts
the program lines in mineral order, you can used a line "5.1" you went a
need to later — and after that a 12 and a 13.

2. The keyword REM, for "EFMARK" or "FINNDISH," electrics alone that

preparate but anome by the computer during a RUN.

S. The agreed communication is 80 causes the communication of stap and earlier the rise to enter a markler. The Brusse of the faction of the services when you have be program efficient into the 15 (100) is equipped in much that is a least to relative the service of the faction of the Arman Communication of the Arman

STYC AT NOTE: When you we to IMPUT a time he served offer only you must a closely a string you must be less program. A Supplied of A.—and the corresponding real appears are he bettern of the university mode in each or good string make. If all that point you want to STOP the program, you can't predict on every STOP. The corresponding real treat is a partie, "I have next use the fell arrow say to make the head arrow say to make any the string string the string posted on make and the total program."

4. Let 30 year 70. PRINT according to be some of security her the comparison or some above to see a sequence of the control of the control

5. Another place of specified and deviations are 50. Notice that there is a power type to a late the first and determines and the residence of the Don't leave them out.

Now RUN the program

Yet, an dai the loang diest, an a pocket tale-class of the memory agree in accurate continue and its atomic enter a continue continue and accurate continue and its amount enter an enter a continue and the "memory record kies for our masses. See each fair as record part of the "memory record kies for our masses. See each fair as well passes that the masses that percentage is being a poll encount. And a memory agreement that is, in the exercise, respectively. The poly continue are presented as a magnitude of the poly continue and according to the poly continue and accordi

More About IF

All the programs we've seen so for have been fairly predictable — they followed all the instructions from beginning to and, and thus maybe went thack to the beginning again. This is not all that useful, in practice the computer would be expected to distinguish between inflitterint closes and act accordingly; it does this by using the IF statement.

Clear the computer (using NEW), and type in and run this anounce).

10 PRINT "LAM THINKING OF A" 20 PRINT "SIUMBER FROM 1 TO 5" 30 PRINT "CAN YOU GUESS IT?" 40 LET AWINTIRNOTSI+1 50 IMPLT B 60 IF AWB THEN GOTO 90 70 PRINT "GUESS AGAIN" 80 GOTO 50 80 PRINT "CORRECT"

For a discussion of RND, see Chapter 15. "Functions", especially exercise 4.

As you can see, an IF statement takes the form

IE condition THEN eleterant

The statements here are GOTO statements, but they could be anything at all, even more IF statements. The condition is something that is going to be proved either than or false. If it comes out as thee, the statement after THEN is avenued in the other others, it is satisfied over

The meat useful conditions compare two numbers or two strings they can test whether two numbers are equal, or whether one is bigger than the other, and they can lest whether two strings are equal, or whether the comps infirm the other in alphabetical order. They use the relations $\pi_i < \infty < \pi_i$.

=, which we have used twice in the program (unite for sumbers and once for strings) means "equals." It is not the same as = r a LET statement.

< means "is less than." so that

$$1 < 7$$

 $-2 < -1$
and $-3 < 1$

all hold they have the value true! but

and 0<-2

do not littley have the value false!

To see how this works, let's write a program to input numbers and display the biggest so far.

10 PRINT "NUMBER". "BIGGEST SO FAR"

20 INPUT A

30 LET BIGGEST = A

40 PRINT A, BIGGEST

80 IF BIGGEST < A THEN LET BIGGEST = A

70 GOTD 40

The crucial part is line 60, which updates BIGGES1 if its old writin was smaller than the new input number A.

> shifted Mil means "is granter than" and is just like < except in reviews. You can distinguish between tham by remierbaring that the time and points to the number that is supposed to be smaller.</p>

 \leq is initiated Π — do not type it as \leq to flower lay =1 maps. This is as finant or equal to. The third is the decrease that it is take \leq except that it holds even if the two numbers are equal; thus $2 \leq 2$ holds, but $2 \leq 2$ has not

> = (shifted Y) means "is greater than or equal to" and is similarly like > .

< > Ishiffed I'r means "is not equal to." the opposite in meaning from =. Methematicians usually write <= > = and <> > as = ... end #. They also write such sequences as "3 < 3 < 4" to mean "2 < 3 ares 3 < 4" but this is.</p>

not possible to BASIC

These relations and he combined by using the logical operations AND OR and MOT

one relation AND months relation

holds whenever both relations hold

one relation OR senther

hard symmotor one of the two relations dead use beforeds'

NOT relation

holds who never the relation does not

Longol expression can be made with relating and AND, DR and NOT just as numerical expressions can be made outh numbers and a ... said so on you can executed by parentheses if necessary. MOT has prior to 4. AND 3 and OP 2

To disstrate clear the computer and to this program, exceeded from the one at the beginning of the chapter

> 16 PRINT "LAM THINKING OF A" 20 PRINT "NUMBER FROM 1 TO 5"

25 PRINT "CAN YOU GUESS IT?" 3/3 PRIMT

35 LET THE

46 LET A SINTIBND '51+1

GO IMPLIT B SE LET T-T-1

60 IF A < >BAND T >= 3 THEN GOTO 100

65 IF A=8 THEN GOTO 90

76 PRIMY "GIVESS AGAIN"

SE COTO SE 96 PRINT "CORRECT"

95 STOP

100 PRINT "SORRY, GAME OVER" 110 PRINT "YOU DID NOT GET IT IN"

120 PRINT "THREE GUESSES"

130 PRINT "THE ANSWER WAS

Notice the STOP statement in the 95 Otherwise, when the program neached line 90 (because the anewer was correct), it would then as on to 100. and say the right anower han not been given. This would be confusing, to say the least

Lastly, we can compare not only numbers but also styring. We have seen linw = , <, >, <>, <=, and >= week wear comparing numbers

What does "less than" mean for strings? One thing it does not mean is "Shorte: They," so don't make that must ike. We make the iti-direction that one string is less then enother if it comes first in alchapetical order. Thus

all hold. < = means "raine Benomenual to" and so on, ast as for numbers

Note in some versions of BASIC + patinol as the T S 1000 + the IF statement can have the form

(Econdition THEN line number

This means the same as

IF condition THEN GOTO line comber

You must use been THEN and GOTO in Single BASIC

Summary

Operations: m, <, >, < p, > =, <>, AND. OH Functions: NOT

Everrises

1 < > and = are opposites in the sense that NOT A+B is the serie as A <> B and

NOT A < > B is the same as A=B

Prove to yourself that of and D =, and D and S = are opposites a tree same way, so that you can always remove NOT from a front of a relation by changing the relation.

Also,

NOT (a first logical expression AND a second)

is the same as

NOT the first) OR NOT (the second)

is the same as

anni

NOT the first AND NOT the second

Using this, you aim work NOTs through , wenthings or till eventually they are all applied to relations, and then you can dispose of them. Thus, log call-

speaking, NOT is onnecessary, but you may \$1.5 and that using it makes a program clearer

2 BASIC rae administration of a clean I special from English Consider, for extended, the English cleans "I A clean I special 8 or C." How would you write this in BASIC? The enswer is not

Don't worry if you don't understand exercise 3, 4 and 2. The coints deverad in them are fairly privated

3. TSkip fres untest your already know BASIC transcome.

which you might expect to give anyourse or felfort as forces the computer is concerned. There is no such thing as a logical value.

If a, b, b, c, b > 0 and a and a are the sum operations, with principle a. The result is 1 for that I fine relationship a is a = 0 for that a is a = 0.

Intl. In

and

IE condition THEN statement

the condition can actually be any matterned expense of its settle and it should be united as false and any other value counts as the . Thus the IP statement means exactly the same as

IF condition <> Ø THEN statement

to I AND OR and NOT are like running villed operations.

X if Y is non-zero (counting as true)

1 if Y is man-zero

X OR Y has the value X if Y is zero

NOT X has the value 1 if X is zero

With this in remail, need through this chapter again, making sore diall wants for the expression XIAND * XION * and NoT XI and Y and well each assally roles the value 0 or 1, for false as than Mark to the law different combined by the company of the diall want to the combined by the company of the diallocation of the diallocation.

4. Yey this program

Chanter 7

10 INPUT A 20 INPUT B 30 PRINT IA AND A>=8)+IS AND A< 8) 40 GOTO 16

Each time, it prints the larger of the two numbers A and B. Wity?

VANDV

as meaning

'X if Y lolse the result is A'r

and of

YORY

as meaning

"X unless Y lin which case the result as 11"

An expression using AND and OR in this way is comed a randitional expression. An example using OR could be

LET RETAIL PRICE-PRICE LESS TAX'S OF OR VS+"MON-TAXABLE"!

Notice him AND terms to go with addition (because its default value is till) and OR tends to go with multiplication liberature in default value is 11.

5 You can also make string-valued crimittions; expressions, but only using AND:

X\$ AND Y has the value X\$ if Y is non-zero

so it means "XS if Y (also the empty string)."

10 INPUT AS

Try this program, which inputs two strongs and arranges them in alphabetical order.

20 INPUT 8\$
30 IF AS = BS THEN GOTO 76
40 LET CS=A\$
50 LET AS=BS
60 LET BS=C\$
70 PRINT AS:"":("<" AND AS < BS)+
""" AND AS =BS):"":8\$
60 GOTO 10

6 Tey this program

10 DRINT "Y"

20 STOP

When you next it will display "X" and ston with center 9-20. New type

CONT

You might expect this to believe the "GOTO 22", as test the communiwould just stop again without depaying "" but this would not a very useful, on the program is arranged to that for appoint with crust 9 STOO statement executed, the lame number is increased by 1 for a GOT stateteriary. Thus, in our mample, "CONT" indicates by 1 for a GOT stateteriary, Thus, in our mample, "CONT" indicates by "GOTO 21" which since there are no liques between 25 and 30 between use "GOTO 30".

7 Many versions of BASIC lbut not the Sincial BASIC; have an ON statement, which takes the form

ON numerical expression GOTO fine number, line number. . . , line number

In this the numerical expression is evaluated, suppose its value is a then the effect is that of

GOTO the oth line number

For instance

ON A COTO 16th 25th 35th 400 FOR

Here, if A has the value 2, then 15010 200 is operated. In Sincle BASIC this can be replaced by

GOTO 100'A

In case the line numbers don't go up neatly by hundreds like this, work out how you could use

GOTO a conditional expression

instead

SLOW and FAST

The T/S 1000 can run et two species — \$1,000 can filed? When it affect bugged in it runs in the SLOW mode one can can be and the up to runs from the screen smultaneously as well as real for "moving graphics" because of present some country to the screen smultaneously as seek as real for "moving graphics" because of graphics described to the screen smultaneously the blank ports of the screen smultaneously the blank ports of the screen smultaneously the blank ports of the screen smultaneously the context.

However, it can go roughly few there are best, executed above by giving profitly to the constraints and any months are a time when it has mothing elect to be. To see this workers, live

FAST

Now whenever you press also. The susern will read. The infections the computer has storaged desplaying a picture where in determined what key you measured.

Type ma ensewer, sev-

10 FOR N=0 TO 255

30 NEXT N

Note that CHR\$ is a function, as we mentioned to give in Chapter 4. Press SMIFT and ENTER to get the £3 cursor, then twen U to get CHR\$, which is under that

When you run this, the whole screen will become in indeterminate gray until the end of the grayrum, when the mitted from the PRINT statement will come unit the screen.

The picture is also displayed during an INPUT statement, while the computer is waiting for you to type the INPUT data. Try this purcuian.

10 INPUT A

36 GOTO 18

Te cet back into reirmal inompute and display) more, type

EN YYUNG

It will often be just a matter of taste whether you want compute and display mode for continuity on the screen, or fast mode for sower, but in general you will use that mode.

(i) when your program contains a lot of numerical out out them, especially if it doesn't print much — I me doubt't seem to drag guite so much if you can see justed to provious upone the concept faith free, well.

If when you are typing in a large program. You will already have noticed that the listing gots redonal every time you enter a new program into and this can be arrowing.

You can use \$LOW and FAST statements within reparams

For evernole

10 SLOW

20 FOR N=1 TO 64

30 PRINT "A": 40 IF N=32 THEN FAST

40 NEXT N

50 NEXT N

Summary

Statements: FAST, SLOW

Subroutines

Sometimes at liferent parts of countries or wall have aim or obsite this and will find you self spring in the same lines have or have times. This is not necessary. You can tope the lines is once in the firm's honce are a submode, and then the or call their envelopes on the program without having to tope them is passe.

To do this, use the statuments GOSUB triang SUR outlied and RETURN

GOSUBIL

where in a the line number of the first line in the substitute, a put like GOTO in except that the computer stores he line number and the GOSUB substitute so that it can except be also part of the line in these first by parting the line in the section first by parting the line in the section first by parting the line in the section first parting the GOSUB statements the GOSUB statements the GOSUB statements.

BETTERN.

taken the two line or make off the BOSIM cases and need on to the insiniter

As an example

- 10 PRINT "THIS IS THE MAIN PROGRAM"
- 20 005119 1000 20 DEINE "AND AGAIN"
- 40 GOSUB 1000
- 50 PRINT "AND THAT IS ALL!"
- SO STOR
- 1000 REM SURPRITINE STARTS HERE
- 1610 PRINT "THIS IS THE SURROUTINE"
- 1020 DETURN

Without the STOP statement in line KO the exportant would run on eath to: sub-nutine and cause error 7 when the RETURN statement was reached.

As another namely is annear only want to write a name for recorrect to barrille words feet and actives. You will have three variables Y. 5 and 1 land maybe others - Y1, F1, I1, and so cell. The arithmetic is may. First you do it constructeds on this service fast and univers — for instance to and two quantities of distance, you add the inches add the fact and add the service to doubte line elistrome you coulde the mobes upoble the teat and about the varies. Then adjust the quantities to the correct form we tool the inches are issurance? and 12 and the feet are between 0 and 3. This last stone is common to all operations, so we can make it into a subsouting

Putting aside the notion of subjectines for a moment, it is worth your white to try to write the program yourself. Sixon the interrupt numbers Y. F. and I. how do you convert them into the consection that of sacilly fact, and inches?

What first names to mind will probably be nomishing like 19, 41, 541 which you want to convert to 2Y 2F 21 have not so official. But suppose you have negative numbers. Let's go hads to our initial values TY 4F, 14L natural toply true on some -12 -45 -141 subschowould then the out to be -24 2E 2L Appropriate applier fractions? If you revide 3Y 1E 2 are two you set 1.87 (1.81, 9.5) and adhange the last the fact selected 9 and 19, and the yard as 1.5. It is containly not as could as 17.00 3.50. Thy to work out your own answers to dilities and use them in a conduter troopsom - pelore speread any further

Here is one solution, using functions which will be nescribed more Inproved by a Chapter 15. Chapter 5 tells you now to so so some them.

1000 REMISURBOUTINE TO ACCURATE FILTO THE MORMAL FORM FOR YARDS FEET AND INCHES 1010 LEY 1936'V+12'F+

1020 BEN MONTEVERY THING IS IN INCHES

1020 LEY ENEGALL 1040 1 FT != 0BS I

1080 BEM WE WORK WITH LEGS DIVE HOLDING

ITS SECREMENT 1060 1 FT F-INT II/12)

1070 LET I-0-17'EL'S 1080 1 FT YHINT IE/35°F

1090 1 FT 9=F*F-3*V

1100 BEYLIEN

On its own this is not much use, because there is no program to set up Y.F. arel I helicolates, for to the asysthmic or th their afterwards. Team in this main propriate and also prother subtouting to print to tiving a tiving

> 10 IMPRITY 20 INPUTE

> 30 INPUT

40 COSUR 2000

45 SEM PRINT THE VALUES 50 PRINT TAR 12"="

SO GOSLIB 1000

65 BEM THE ADJUSTMENT 70 GOSUB 2000

75 BEM PRINT THE VALUES

80 PRINT 90 GOTO 10

2020 BETHEN

2000 BEM SUBBOLITING TO PRINT Y F AND I 2010 PRINT "":Y:"Y. ":E:"E. ":I:"I":

Cleans we have saved set program length by Janua the northest subrouting at 2000 built the addistment subjections in fact makes the program leaves by a GOSUB and a RETURN Still, program length arent the only consideration. Used with skill, subroutines can make programs easier to understand

The main program is made simpler by the fact that it uses more powerful statements, each GOSUB represents some commissed BASIC. But you can forget that, only the net result matters. Because of this, it is much easier to grasp the main structure of the program

The supreuting, on the other name are simplified for a very different reason, namely that they are shorter. They sall use the same aid diadding LET and PRINT statements, but they looke to go only a part of the whole job and an ere easier to write.

The skill lies in choosing the level - or levels - at which to write the

suproutnes. They must be big enough to have a significant impact on the must program, yet small enough to be so informity easier to write than a compacts program eithors subscutting. The examples was economical destroys.

First

2000 SETURN

and second

```
01/4 0400-0
```

```
10 GOSUB 1010
20 GOSUB 1020
30 GOSUB 1020
40 GOSUB 1020
50 GOSUB 1040
300 GOTO 10
1010 INPUT Y
1015 RETURN
1020 INPUT T
10
```

TO BE PRINT "YYYY CF"FL": T"TAB 12:"="
1045 RETURN
1060 LET I=36"Y+12"F+1
1055 RETURN

The first with its simile inwest of a produme, and the second early is made

Invalience, demonstrate quite opposite extremes, ium with equal fulfilly.

A subroutine can be another, or even the first subsoluting that can't itself is exercised, and point the affails of having exercised leaves.

Summary

Statements: GRSUR BETHER

Evergione

- 1. The example program is virtually a universal distance calculator. How
 - li) to convert yards and inchas into yards faet and inches?
 - lift to convert makers into yeards and feet?
 - liii) to find fractions of a vand? In a. a tourd of a word or extract!

Put in a line to round inches off to the nearest inch

2. Add two statements to the program

and change

GOSUB 1000 to GOSUB ADJUST

This works exactly as you'd hope, in fact, the Ima number in a GOSUB for GOTO or RUN's statement can be any numerical expression. If his may not work on computers other than the TIS 1090, because it is not standard BASICI.

This kind of thing non work wonders for the clarity of your programs.

 Rewrite the main program in the example to do cornething quite different, but still using the same subroutines.

4. ..GOSU8 n

in consecutive lines can be replaced by

GDTC n

Why?

5. A surroutine can make several entry pounts, fire materials promise of this way our man program uses from, such 6008 In 1000 fireliowed manediately by GOSUB 2000, we can replace our two subractions by one larger than accusts V, and land then prints them, it even a how two ontry points one at the beginning for the whole subributine, and quarter further on for this genting part only.

Make the necessary rearrangements

B Run this program:

10 G05UB 20

The return addresses are pushed on to the GOSUB stack in charges, but they return get taken of again, and eventually there is no resem for any more on the computer. The remains their stops with every 4 large Report Codes.

You might have difficulty in cleaning them out again without being everything, but this will work.

Delete the two GOSUB statements

(iii Insert two new lines

11 HETURN 2) BETURN

(m) Prese

RETURN

The return addresses with his stripped off unit you get error 7.

liv) Change your program so the same thing down it happen again.

blow does this work?

When the Computer Gets Full

The T.S. 1000 has only limited internal sterage, and it is ear hard to first The best indication that this has famous in usually an error record 4 but other things can become and some of them are rather strange. If you have a RAM pack, detach it for a moment

The display file - the area inside the computer where it stores the beavison parture - is despried so that it role takes up space for what has been printed so far is line in the display consists of up to 32 characters and then an ENTER character. This means that you can run out of room by printing something, and the most obvious time is while making a listing. I viae

NEW

DIM AI355I 16 F0B le 1 TO 15

2D PRINT!

The DIMens on statement sets asade space in the computer's memory, as we will see in Chapter 17. For now, we are using it as a quick way to "use

up" the memory for this chapter's demonstration. Typic till and don't worky about it!

Here comes the first surpluse. Into 10 itemporary from the listing. The listing must no list the nurrent line, 20, and there is no soom for both lines. Now type

30 NEXTI

Again, there is only room for the 33 in the listing. Now type

40 HEM Y (without EMTER)

and you will see the 30 disappear and line 40 strip to the top of the general trials not been entired in the program — vew old have the 19 cutser and sem more it about. All you there even se critic electronic mentalisms that gives the testion half of the screen 24 lines to give 1 priority over the top that have trine.

XXXXXX (still without EMTER)

and the cursor will a sepped — there is no come to display it. Twee another X, written ENTER, and seen in the Xs, end of sepped. Now type ENTER, Everything will a sepped. Dut the program is still in the instrument, as you can prove by dealer of land 12 and using — and — Now type.

10 FOR I=1 TO 15

again — It will receive up to the taip of the screen as line 40 oid. But when you are se ENTER, it will not be entered, although these is no encer remassing in IT marker to any that anything is wrong. This is the result of there being no seem to check the syntax of a line, and it due thy taippend only for lines that contain undersk littler than the line number or the frequency.

The solution is to make space sometrow, but first determine the line 10 that won't grin if Press EDIT, the united will go mark, because there is no norm to bring the line down.

Press ENTER and you will get part of the listing back. Now date the line 40 twinch volume and other twint introduced by two or

and ENTERI

Now try typing in line 12 ages — it shift work 1 pt. Desets it again. You must sail find extra signess surresemen. Beer in much test the entered line 10 was rejected was probably that there were on recent to chank the system of the two numbers, if you called line 20 in the significant, you may have seen to other line 10 and 3 that I was a seen to other line 10 and at little recent to enter the 20 with the contains no number of therewords. Try this, Type

20 10 FOR I≈1 TO 15 20 PRINT1 and the program is entered properly

GOTO 19

and again you will find that the line is rejected produce its syntax cannot be checked, however, if you delete and type

BUR

It will work. IRUN chiers out the errey, making sienty of space.)

Now type in the same as before from NEW up to the 30 and then

40 REM XXXXXXXXXXXX

11 Not, which we and up tooking law 65 ft. When we pross SNTER, the same yet consist unity if the 95 and in fact in add on when been compared to the first of the state of the

The solution for this is to buy a BAM peak, which life on the back of the

The T.S 1016 15K BAM pack gives the computer right times as much

The benevior with the 14K RAMA back is different, headening the display file is filled with popular to make each lim 20 connectors tong losts that SCRU, uponts the — see the chapter on Cine cation of Strangel. New printing and being with oil make the computer to make of Cinemps, and you will not each at the phoreoner. It is not seen as the phoreoner in the phoreoner in the phoreoner is not seen as the phoreoner in the phoreoner is not seen as the make attacks or or actions to got and when the simple attacks or or actions to got and when the simple attacks or or actions to got and and the submitted on the find care appear.

If you have a memory expansion board ITER RAM Pack), put I on and go through the typing in this chanter, using

DIM A(3069)

to replace DIM A(355).

To summarize

- If the listing is only partially above or things start jumping around. He space is getting light.
 If ENTER seems to have no effect at the one of a line, there is probable no.
- recurrity used with a number. Delete the line, using EDIT-ENTER or DELETE

 3. ENTER might lose a line altonal her
- For all these oxidities, the solution is the same. Don't partir, and look for some spare space.

The faul thing to consider is CLSARt. If you have versions and you do not mind losing any of them, this is the thing to do

Chapter 1C

Failing this, look for unnecessary statements in the program, such as REM statements, and delete some of them.

Summery

When the memory fills up odd things can happen; but they are not usually fatal.

Mathematics with the 7/S 1000

Turn on the computer. You can now use I as a mathematical calculator, along the lines described in Chapter 31 type PRINT, then whitever it is you want to solve and then ENTER.

The 1/S 1000 can not only ado but also subtract, multiply fusing a star instead of the saual times sign at this is taily common on computers) and divide using / Instead of ±1. Thy these out.

to the country in the properties of the numbers they operate on any fining operands.

The computer can also have use our ber to the power of another by using

the operation " (shifted HI: type

and you will get the answer 8 (2°, or 2 cubed).

The 1'S 1000 will also compute combinations of the Sperations. For example

PRINT 2D-2:3"2+4/2"3

gives the answer 8. It does it in a roundabout way, lecture first it works out at the provent ("1" in order from left by right, then all the multiplications and divisions of and it, upon from left to right, and their the additions and subtractions (it and —1, yet again than left to right. I was our example is worked nut in the following stages.

We formplate this by giving giach operation a probably, a number between 1 and 16. The operations such ingless possibly are explicitly and operations with equal probably are evaluated in order (not left to rest).

When his used to regule surrething, as when you write -1, thes priority 9. This is weary misus, as opposed to the timery in using 3-1, (is unary operation has one operand, while a binary operation has two). Note that on the T/S 1060 you cannot use 3 as a surreconstant.

This action is absolutely rigid, but you can areuminent if by using parentheses; anything in parentheses is evaluated first and then treated as a ample number surface.

gives this answer 6+2=8 but

gives the answer 3*4 n 12

A combination like this is called an expression — in this base, as internation or numeric expression, because the answer is a number in ground, whenever the computer is expecting a number from you, you can give it an expression instead and it will work must the accessor.

The common state of the common of the common of the common of the common state of the common of the common state of the common

2.34E0 = 2.34 * 10**0 = 2.34 2.34E3 = 2.34 * 10**3 = 2340

2.34E-2 = 2.34 101-2 = 0.0234 and

(Tor printing these put on the T/S 1990)

It will help to understand this if you magine the exponent part swifting the decimal point along to the right if or a positive exhaust on he the left if or a positive exhaust on he the left if or a

You can also print more than one entire as a time, separating them with either commiss () or semicolous () and it lest XV. If you use a comma, the result number will be displayed storing of the use the left-level merger or in stre-middle of the line in the 18th returning you are a semicolou, the next number will be displayed imperiated for instance to market will be displayed imperiated for the property of the

PRINT 1:2:3:4:5:8:7:8:9:10 PRINT 1:2:34:5:67:8:9:10

to see the differences. You can may commus and sumagrams within a single PRINT statement.

Summary

Functions: 4, 4, *, /, **
Expressions, scientific notations.

Evercises

1 Try

PRINT 2.3450 PRINT 2.3451 PRINT 2.3452

and so on up to

PRINT 2.34E15

You will said that after a while the TIS 1000 also starts using scientific notation. This is because it risker uses there there 14 spaces to write a number. Similarly, its

and an an

2 To.

PRINT 1 2 3 4 5

A comma always moves you on toward the next number. Now try

Why is a string iit samicolons no different from a single one?

3. PRINT gives only 8 significant digits. Try

PRINT 4294987795 4294987295 -42957

This proves that the computer can hold all the dig is of 4294967295, even though it is not prepared to display them all at time.

4. If you have some for tables, test out this rule.

Raising 10 to the power of a number is the some as toward the and by not that number

For example, type

PRINT 101/5 3/510

and look up the antilog of 0.3010. Why are the answers not exactly equal?

 The T/S 1000 uses floating point millimeter, which meens that it knows separate the digits of a number life networked and the position of the point. The asserted The power's not developed a country of the point.

Even

PRINT 1E10+1-1F10.1F10-1F10+1

Numbers are hald to about 9.1-2 digits accuracy, so 1510 is too highte hald exactly right. The insecuracy leads to the 2.1 is more than 1, so the numbers 1510 and 15

For an even more populiar example, type

PRINT SE9+1-SE9

Here the inacouracy in 559 is easy about 1, and the 1 to be added as, in fact, gets, manded up to 2. Here the numbers 559+1 and 559+2 appear to the computer to be equal.

The largest integer that can be held completely accurately is $2^{10} - 1$ (4.284.967.295). The 1.8 1000 matrix this to 8 agriduant digits and it is displayed as 4.284.967.300.

Advanced Printing Techniques

You will recall that a PRINT statement had a list of items, each one on expression for possibly nothing at all, and that they are separated by commiss or sentections. These are Leventons PRINT thems used to tell the computer not what but where to print. For example, PRINT AT 11, 16, "" prints a star at the middle of the screen.

AT line, column

moves the PRINT position (the place where the next item is to be printed) to the line sad column specified. Lines are numbered from 0 (at the top) to 21, and columns from 0 (at the top) to

TAB column

moves the PRINT position to the column specified it stays on the same fire, or, if this visual involve back-specing, moves on to the next own. Nate that the computer visitues the column number models 32 fit divides by 32 and takes the remarked; so TAB 33 means the same as TAB 1. For example 10 print out of Certaints page resulting:

PRINT TAB 12: "CONTENTS": AT 3.1:

Some email prints

3) You show points:
(i) You should nurringly use senticulars with these new items, as we have dame above. You can use commas for nothing, at the end of the statement, but this means that after having carefully set up the PRINT post on you minusticately move it to after the left open of the series of the series.

tel Although AT and TAB are not functions, you have to type the function key ishifted ENTERI to get them.

key ishitted ENTER! to get them

life You shower pant on the two bottom ones (22 and 23) of the screen.

References to the "Dottom line" usually mean line 21.

Sometimes printed. The aid staff and special with PRINT names at 5 and

SCROLL.

CLS clears the screen (but nothing else)
SCROLL makes the whole clearly up one line (learly the top line) and
moves the PRINT considers to the heading on the learners.

To see how it works, run this program

10 SCROLL,
20 INPUT A\$
30 PRINT A\$
49 SOTO 10

Summary

PRINT items: AT, TAB Statements: CLS, SCROLL

Expedises

1. Try running this

10 FOR 1=0 TO 20 20 PRINT TAB 81(1) 30 NEXT |

This shows what is means by the TAB imminer's being reduced module 32 for uniture interesting example, change the Bin Line 20 to a 5

The Character Set

The interes, depth junicipation marks and so on that can appear in strings are called shewarfers, and they make up the alphabet, in characters set, that he T.S. (658) wass. Mean of these characters are some symbols, but there are some called somes, that represent omale words, such as PRINT, STOP.

"I and so me."

There are 255 characters a toporthir, and each one has a mule between 0 and 255. A monostre per of their papears in the Apparent 7c convert between codes and characters, there are two functions, CDDE and CHRS.

CODE is account to a string and given the pools of the first character in the string to O if the string is empty).

HRS is adalled to a number and gives the Lingle character string whose code is that number.

This program prints out the entire character set

10 LET A=0 20 PRINT CHR\$ A; 30 LET A=A+1 40 IF A< 256 THEN GOTO 20

At the son you can see the symmetric ". S. and so an up to 7 an appear on the Nevhand and as the symmetric was even the 15 cases." Further on your can see the same characters, but in when you can see the same characters, but in whom on black inverse wider, these are also obtained in from the keyboard. If you arrow GRAPHIOS started the surrow or come up as 21 has many parameter owned. If you have an asymbol, if will appear an its investe wider form and this will go on unit values of the control of the surrow of the

When you've enjoy ensures to oil, you are all are those the interactor set at the country of the country are specified to notifier a country of the country are specified to notifier a country of back, with an adjroy block. Author in, there are eleven more. This are are country to graphical and are used for drawing proteins. You can extend these than the keyboard, again among prophers, mode texcell for controlling the country of the count

Hora	000 0	no 55	Amanhia	distribution.

Here ar	e the 22	graphic symbols			
Symbol	Contin	How obtained	Symbol 5	Cade	How obtained
	0	Dor D SPACE		128	G SPACE
	1	(2) shried 1	4	123	20 sections 0
	q	Shifted 2	L	130	G shifted W
	3	shifter ?	270	15*	Shifted #
	4	smilled 4	7	132	shifted R
	5	☑ 91 76d 5		133	shiled 8
	6	snifted T		134	Shilled Y
	2	Shifted F		135	shilted 3
	Ē	Shifted A		136	El amétad re
2000	9	el shifted D	2000;	137	shifted G
8888	10	[2] shfled \$	***	13B	shifted F

Nove look at the character set suam. The tokens stand out quite classly in two blacks, is small group of three RND, INKEYS and PII, after 7, and a larger group (starting with the muste image after EL, and running hister AT up to COPY).

The mat of the physicians assembly be 1. This is actually just the way they get printed, the met question mark is between and 1. Of the others, some are for control physicians like 1. EDIT and ENTER, and the east and for character that have no assembly many for the 1.5 (100) at all

Summary

Functions: CODE CHRS

Everolpes

- Imagine the space for one symbol divided up into how quarters.
 If seek quarters can be either black or whose there are 2°2°2°2°2° = 16 seek orders.
- 7 Imagine the space for one symbol avided into two bencentelly least half can be black, white or grey, there are 3*3 = 9 passh ites. Find them all.
- The characters ** exercise 2 are designed to be used in horizontal bar charts using two poles, gray and black. While a preparar and specified two numbers A and Superhylaters and Old 221 and 221.



You will need to start off by printing the form change to in the first dependance on whether A is morn or loss than B

What does your program do if A and B set of S whole for users? On I tray are not at the range 8 to 32? A good "user framing" is the fash another term — programme on some or and said.

4. There are twell fill remark all grant of them tools and the feedback on A and H all you look at the care and you was are the one and to a a primary characteristic that are not on A as the a schooling or explained. If you provide the them seed on A as the a schooling or explained to the your look that the care the are the premark. The provide are the seed to the proposers of the one on the light provide that the provide the seed to the provide and the seed to the provide the seed to the seed

- 5. Run thet program
 - 10 INPUT A 20 PRINT CHR\$ A
 - 30 GDTO 10

If you will experiment with it, you so find that for CHRS, A is counted to the hearest whole number, and if A is not in the surge 5 to 258, the program stops with report B. "Integer out of range."

- 6. Using the codes for the chiracters, we can useful to concept of "sightenediad cultum," in cover storage containing any classification unit just legitleter the containing of the containing the containing and containing the containing of the containing and the containing and contained in 256 features, or executed and obtained in 256 features are contained and obtained in 256 features. For minimize, these strings are in alphabetical order.
 - "ASIDEI"
 "123 TAXI SERVICE"
 "AASVOGEL"
 "AAGIOUDIGI

" FIFTHDYARK"

Here is the rule. First, compare the first clear lates is the two straigs. If they differ, the code of one of them is an item that of the other on the straight when it in the first enabled is the catter based of the two straight. If they are the same, then go one to command the mark characters if in this process one of the straight runs out before the other, that straight the earlier, otherwise they are obviously equal.

Type in again the program in exercise 5 of Chapter 7 the one that equits two strings and prints them in order) and use it to experiment

- I. This program prints a screenful of random blank and white graphics characters.
 - 10 LET A=INT (16"RND)
 - 20 IF A> = 8 THEN LET A = A+120 30 PRINT CHR\$ A:
 - 4D GOTO 10

How?!

Graphics

Here are some of the more attractive features of the T 5 1000: they utilize pixels injecture elements. This screen you use for display line 22 lines and 32 columns, making 27 32 = 706 character nostimes, each contribution

A pixel is specified by two maritimes, its constructor. The first, its convolvance of the convolvance of the

The statement

PLOT x-coordinate, y-coordinate

blacks in the pixel with these coordinates, where his statement

UNPLOT x-coordinate, y-coordinate

blacks than

Try this simple program

10 PLOY INT (HND*64), INT IRND*44)

20 INPUT A\$

This plots a random count each time you make BNTER

Here is a more useful program. If plots a greate of the function SIN to see wavel for values between 0 and 2 pi radians.

10 FOR N=0 TO 63

20 PLOT N.22+20'SIN (N/32'PD)

30 NEXTN

This next one plots a graph of SQR 'part of a parabolal between 0 and 4

16 FOR N=010 63

26 PERT N. 28 SOR (N/18)

36 NEXT N

Notice that prival coordinates are different from the and column in an AT item. You may feel the diagram at the end of this chapter useful in working our prival pages and here set or them countries.

Faerriese

 There are three differences among the numbers in an AT item and pixel coordinates; what are they?

- 2. After the songue program so that it first his since with his kin black and then unplact sometime are inverted when spaced, and then unplacts sometime points. If you have don't fix of menurury if the standard mean manufact darks memory you will limit yourself running out of space, and will make to abor the program so that it uses only part of the screen.
- 3 Modify the SIN graph program or that before plotting the graph traif if prints a heartental line of ""'s for an a-buy and a vertical line of ""'s for any axis.
- 4. Write programs to plet growth of more functions e.g., COS, EXP LN, ATN, INT and to on. For non-one, sourcest make sure that the graph his the screen, so you will need to consider
- U over what range you are going to take the functions (conveneeding to the range 0 to 2 or radions for the SIN areals).

full solution for the action to but the aution (personned in the 22 in Lea 20) in the CIN graph program)

int they to show the years, of the graph improposed on to 20 in line 20 of the SIN graph program)

You we find that COS is the assist - I a seriou CIM

5 Sum this

10 PLOT 21 21 20 PRINT "REALLY OHOTES"

20 0107 46 21

PLOT moves the PRINT postner to the fact supposition the PLOT heating NINDLET does too!

8. This is brought a charge of terril stranger line from the pixel to the pixel (C.D.). Use it as part of some main pregram that supplies the values A. B. C. D.

If you annot have a marriery expansion beard they you will create it people. emit the REM statements I

1005 REM U SHOWS HOW MANY STEPS OVER

WE NEED TO GO

1010 LET V=D.E 1015 REM V SHOWS HOW MANY STEPS UP

1020 LET D1X=SGN U

1030 FEY DIV-SON V 1035 REM -DIX 2111 IS A SING 5 STEP IN A DIAGONAL

DIRECTION

1046 FET D2X=SGN II

1050 LET 02Y=0

1655 REM TOXX 2211 S A SINGLE STEP LEST OF RIGHT

LOSC LETANAGES II 1070 LET NEABS V

TORG IFM>NTHEN GOTO 1236

1090 LET D2X=0

1100 LET D2Y=SGN V 1185 REM NOW ID 2X DEVIS A BINGLE STEP OF DRIDGING

I 110 LET M=ABS V

1120 LET N=ABS U

L100 REM 31/5 THE LARSER OF ARRULATIO ARS VIDES THE

1140 LET S=INT IM/21

1.145 HEAR WE WAS I TO MISSO FROM IA BUTO IS DUIN M STUPS USING IN UP DOWN OF RIGHT-LEFT STEPS D2, AND MIN DIAGONAL STEES D1. DISTINBUTED AS EVENLY AS POSSIELS

1160 FOR N=0 TO M

1170 LET S=S+N 1180 IF S<M THEN GOTO 1230

1190 LET S=S-M 1200 LET A=A+D1X 1210 LET B-B+D1V

1210 LET 8=B+D1Y 1215 REM A DIAGONAL STEP

1220 GOTO 1250

1230 LET A=A+D2X 1240 LET B-B+D2V

1245 REM AN UP-DOW/NOR BIGHT-LEFT \$15

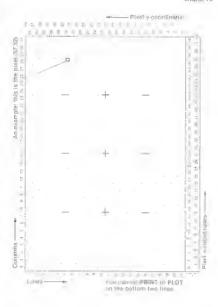
1250 NEXT N

1260 RETURN

The last part lines 1150 onl mixes the M-N steps D1 evenly with the N stens D2. Imagine a Monopoly board with M squares around the edge numbered from 0 to M-1. The square you are on at any time is number S. starting at the comer opposite GO. Fach move takes you N squares around the hnard, and of the straight line on the screen you make either a left-right / sindown step of you pass GO on the board or a diagonal sten-Otherwise. Since your total journey on the board is M*N steps. or all the way around N times you mass GO N times, and even ly spaced out in your M stens are N left-right / up-down steps



Adjust the grugners as that if another parameter, i. is 1, the mail draws in black is berg, and if it is 0, the long is drawn in an tall Lang UNPLOTT Year on their delete a line grain by unstance; if



Functions

Mathematically, a function is a rule for giving a number (the result) in exchange for another (the assessment, or deetend) and so is mally a unavivoperation. The TVS 1000 has some of these built into it their names are the words written under the keys. SQR, for inclance, is the familier against runt function, and

PRINT SOR 9

gives 3, the square roat of 9. If sight SQR, you first press the FUNCTION key — shifted ENTER. The changes the cusor to 4. Now press the SQR key IH: SQR appears on the screen; set the counter compage bect to 10. The same restfluit works for all the words that are wetter underneam the keys, nearly all of which are function names.)

PRINT SOR 2

You can test the accuracy of the enswer by

PRINT SOR 2*SOR 2

which ought his garg Z. Note that both SQRs are worked out before the "and it fact all functions lexicant one — NOT) are worked out before the five operations + - " are " Again you can stroumwent this rule daing parenthe

PHINT SOR (2°2)

nives 2

Here are some more functions (There is a commate list in Chapter 21). If you math is not up to understanding some of United, it desen't matter — you will still be able to use the computer.

SGN The sign function (sometimes as led wigners to avoid confusion with SIN). The result is -1, 0 or +1 according to whether the argument is

negative, zero or positive.

ABS The absolute value, or modulus. The result is the argument made on situe, so that

SIN COS TAN The trigonometric functions. These work

AGN arcons

ATN arctan /

XP exponential function

SQR square root

INT plaggr part. This always counds down, so INIT 3:9 = 3 and

INT -3.9 = -4 Man integer is a whole marker, possibly regarded:
PI = 3.1159265 the properties as inches of a code

enemen across. PI has no argument. Type function a under the Mikey.!

RND Networks AND an argument to years a rendom number between 8 which value close trace and 1 Search 1 percent.

All these except PI and RND are unery specializes with promy 11. "PI and RND are makery operations, because they have no quellands."

The inguinometric functions, is well as EXP 1 N and SDR, are generally calculated to 8 digits accuracy.

RNO and RANO. These are both on the same very, but whereas RNO is a fundam, RANO in a serviced like PRINT. RAND is real for control in the randomness of RNO.

RND is not truly condum, but in angle index , a final securing of 95536 numbers that happen to be so unitsed up at 10 appear random IRND is

pseudo-minitori). You can use RAND to start RND off at a definite place in this structure by typing RAND, then a number latitude in 1 and \$65.55, and then ENTER It's not as impropriet to know where given number stress RND off, as that the same number of tall RAND or laways start RND off at the same place. For instance, the

RAND 1 (and ENTER)

and then

DOINT DAID

and type both these in turn several sines. (Remember to use FUNCTION to get RND). The server from RND will always be \$802.2735586, not a very random seduence.

RANDO

for you can leave out the 01 acts slightly differently. If determines where to start RND off by how long the felevision has been on, and this should be genuinely random.

Note: In some dialects of BASIC you must always end ose the argument of a function in brackets. This is not the case in Singlin BASIC.

Summary:

Statement HAND

Functions: SGN, ABS, SIN, COS. TAN, ASN, ACS, ATN, LN, EXP, SQR, INT. Pt. RND

Evereleer

 To get common logarithms ito base 10, which are what you'd look wo in log tables, divide the cateral logarithm by LN 10. For example, to 1 nd log 2.

PRINT LN 2/LN 16

which gives the answer 0.30103.

Try doing multiplication and division using logs, using the T-S 1000 as a set of log tables in this way. Clinek this answers using " and . The direct way is more accurate.

2 EXP and LN are favored functions in the serna that if you apply one and then the other, you get back to your anginal number. For instance,

LNEXP2 = EXPLN2 = 2

The same also holds for SIN and ASN, for COS and ACS, and for TAN and ATN. You can use this to test how accurately the computer works out these functions.

3 is radians are 180. To convert from degrees to radians, you divide by 180 and multiply by in 190s.

PRINT TAN 145/180°P31

awas tan 850 (1)

To get from radians to degrees, divide by a mid multiply by 186

4. Try

DESTRUCTION OF THE PARTY OF THE

a few times to like how the answer varies. Curryou district any pattern? (Listkata)

How would you use RND and INT to get a random vetoric number networn 1 and 6 to represent the times of a she? Appears INT MIND 199 4 5

5. Test this rule:

Supplies you shoose a number between 1 and 872 and type

RAND and then your number (and ENTER)

The next value of BND will be

176 * (vour number + 1) ~ 11 / 65536

G. (For mathematicians only.)

Let pibe a flargel prime, and let a be a primitive reptimod at pip.

Then if b is the resolution of a modulo $p(1 \le n | b \le p - 1)$, this sequence

$$8 - 1$$

 $n - 1$

is a cyclical sequence of p = 1 destinct numbers in the range 0 to 1 lexicuting 11. By chroning a suitably, you can make these lasts to by random

11 By chroning a suitably, you can make these look furly random 95537 is a Mersenne prime; 2"—1 Use this, along with Gaussis law of qualifatic reciprosity, to show that 75 is a primitive risk module 95537

The TIS 1000 uses p=8553 f and a=75, and stores some arbitrary b; -1 in memory. The function RND involves replacing 5 -1 in memory by B; -1, section RND involves replacing 5 -1 in memory by B; -1, section RND involves replacing 5 -1 in result by -11 lp-1. RAND is livet bit is = n = 65536; makes be equal to p+1.

7 INT always rounds down. To round to the resurrest integer, add 0.5 first For instance.

INT |2.9 + 0.5| = 3 INT |2.4 + 0.5| = 2INT |-2.9 + 0.5| = -3 INT |-2.4 + 0.5| = -2

Compare these with tomorswers sounds worm usu con't see! 3.5

8. Try (type the symbol 7: the screen will show PI)

PRINT PL PL=3. PL=3.1. PL=3.14 PL=3.141

This shows how accurately the computer stores =

Time and Motion

Sometimes you will want to make the program take a specified length of time, and for this purpose you will tind the PAUSE statement useful.

PAUSEn

stops computing for niframes of the television far 80 feather per second), in can be up in \$2750, which gives you got under 11 menutes, if a scary bigger, it means "PAUSE forever."

You can always not a pause short by pressing a key ingle short a speed, or E, will cause a break as well. You have to press the key down after the gause has started.

At the end of the cause, the screes will flash

Ties proprian works the excess hard force but a contribution to excess of a clock

- 5. REM FIRST WE DRAW THE CLOCK FACE
- 10 FOR N=1 TO 12
- 20 PRINT AT 10, 12100S IN HIRE 18 LT CORIN IN KIRLIN IN
- 36 NEXT N
- 35 REM NOW WE START THE CLOCK AD FORT-OTO LOGIST
- 45 REM T IS THE TIME IN SECONDS
- 60 LET A=T/30*PI
- 60 LET SY=71+19*GIN A
- 70 LET SY=22+18*COS A 200 PLOT SX SY
- 300 PAUSE 42
- 310 UNPLOT SX SY
- 400 NEXT 1

This plack will not ricken after smart 2.3: 4 major becomes of the 460 had you can palidy make it our longer. Note how the timing is controlled by line 33C. You might expect PAUSE 50 to make It tick mice a second but the computing takes time as well and has to so allowed for. This is negationed by that and error trees the computer ubox appared a metions and adjustma line 308 until they agree. (You can't do mis very accurately; an extresament of one frame in one second is 2% or half an hour in a day).

The function INKEYS beauty has no assument souls the appropriate it up a are pressing exactly one key the regul is the character which that key gives in 19 mode: otherwise the result is the empty string. The control characters do not have their usual effect, but give results like CHRS 118 for EMTER they are printed as '7'

Try this program which works like a tynewriter

- 10 IF INKEYS <> ""THEN GOTO 10
- 26 IF INKEYS B" THEN SOTO 20
- 35 PRINT INKEYS
- 46 GOTO 10

Here line 10 waits for you to lift your tinuer off the keyboard and line 28 waits for you to press a new key Remember that unlike INPUT INKEYS doesn't work for you. So don't leave

ENTER, on the other band, if you don't type anything at all, you have missed your charge. In this program, use 10 "wars the you" by the GOTO 10. repetition it no key is pressed

Exercises

- What happens if you leave not like 10 in the typewise process?
- Why can't you type space or £ in the type-writer program?

Here is a modified program that alves you a space if you type current right. Abidhad Cl

- 10 IF INKEYS < >""THEN COTO 10
- 20 IF INKEYS=""THEN GOTO 20
- 30 PET AS-IMPEVE
- dd IF AS=CHRS 115 THEN GOTO 110
 - 90 PRINT AS 100 GRED 10
 - 110 PRINT
 - 120 COTO 10

Note that we round INKEYS into AS in line 30. It would be possesse to omit this and replace AS by MKEYS in loss 40 and 30, but them would always be a chance that INKEYS agoud change between the lines.

And some more program so that I you type ENTER ICHRS 119 it gives vali a new/line

- 3. You can also use INKEYS or conjunction with PAUSE as in this alternative typewater procesam
 - 10 PAUSE ARROR
 - 20 PRINT INKEYS 20 COTO 16

To make this work, why is it essented that a PAUSE not finish if it force you already reessing a key when it starts?

This method has the disadvantage that the screen flashes, but in fast morte it is the only way of roung it. When you run a program in first mode nutice that the computer uses the paper to display the tides you notice

- 4. The following program makes the sympatter display a number, which you has an inmodulat violent must type a reponse. In began with you have a second to do if in but if you get it wrising you not a longer time for the next number, whereas if you get it right, you get law time for the new one. The sted is to get it home as hast as provible, and then passs C to find your sease. - the higher the better
 - 10 LET T=80
 - 15 REM T = NUMBER OF FRAMES RES TURN -
 - INITIALLY 60 FOR 1 SECOND
 - 20 LET AS-CHRAINT BND*10 CORE TOTAL
 - 30 REM AS IS A RANDOM DIGIT
 - 40 PRINT AS 50 PAUSET
 - 60 LET BS=INKEYS
 - 70 IF BS="O" THEN GOTO 200
 - 80 IF AS=BS THEN GOTO 150 9D PRINT "NO GOOD"
 - 100 LET T=T'1.5

- 110 GOTO 20
- 150 PRINT "OK" 160 LET T=7'09
- 170 GOTO 20
- 200 SCROLL
- 710 PRINT "YOUR SCORE IS "HINT (SOUNT)

5 For fun.) Try this

- 10 IF INKEYS = "" THEN GOTO 10
- 20 PRINT AT 11.8: "KEYBOARD TOUCHED"
- 30 IF INKEYS <> "" THEN GOTO 30
- 40 PRINT AT 11.14
- 50 GOTO 10

Arrays

As array is a set of variables, or elements, it with the same name and distinguished only by a number the subscript, written in parenthiase after the name. For earingle, the raise could be A in a cust of variables of FORNEXT loops, the name of an array must be a single letter and two variables of the array of the first three ACT III. A 25° and are not to ACT.

The elements of an array are colled subscripted variables as opposed to the simple variable you are already familiar with.

Before you can use an array you must reserve arms space for it mude the computer. To do this you use a DIM that dimension's statement.

DIM AIT21

sets up an array carried A with streaments 12 he. There are 12 subscription variables ATT. ATTEXT not initializes the 12 views to 6. Exhibit behins vary grays carries 4 that seasted previously. (But not a comple variable, an array late a smaller permitted variable with the series issues and commenced variable allowage has a subscription.

The subscript can be an arbitrary numerical expression, so now you can write

10 FOR N=1 TO 12 20 PRINT AIN 30 NEXT N

You can also set up arrays with more than one dimension. In a two-cimensional array you need two numbers to specify one of the elements - rather like the line and return numbers to executly a dimension peoplem on the television screen — so it likes the form of a table. Alternatively, if you magnet the line and authorize mankers two dimensional also elements to a primiting happ, you could have an extra dimension for the page numbers. Of course, we are staking about immersion greys the elements would not be prefet dimensional array to a book, but numbers. Think of the summittee for the recommendation of a been specified by C many number.

For example, to set up a two-dimensional array 6 with dimension 3 and 6, volumes a DIM statement.

DIM H(3 B)

This then gives you 3°6 = 18 subscripted variables.

B(1,1), B(1,2), ..., B(1,8) B(2,1), B(2,2), ..., B(2,6) B(3,1), B(3,2), ..., B(3,6)

The same presente works for any number of among one

Although you can have a number and at array with the same name, you cannot have two arrays with the same name, even if they have different

numbers of dimensions

There are also storing tensor. The strings in an array differ from senging stream in this way of faced length, and assignment to them is always breast matter. Another way of thinking of them are arrays from every downstance. Another way of thinking of them are arrays from every downstance of simple characters. The cares of the array termy is a simple part full some the same name full thinks the case for numbers?

Suppose, then, that you want an array A2 of five strings. You must excite sw long these strings are to so — let us suppose that 19 characters each a long enough. You then say

DIM AS(5,10)

(type this in)

This sets up a 5 * 10 array of characters, but you can also think of guernisw se hains a china.

If you give the same number of subscripes have in this basel as there were dimensions in the DIM statement, we get a single-character, but if you out: the last own, you get a first length string. So for instance, ASLZ, 7 is the 7th character to the string ASLSD, casing the stining criticalini, we bould also write the asLSDSD.

PRINT A\$ |21 A\$ |2 7

You get 1234567890 7

for the last subsampt the line yes, can omal, you can else have a slice so that for example

Remember
In a String array, all the strings neverthe same fixed length

The DIM stytement has an extra number little last one' to specify this length.

When you write down a subscripted venicle for a string array, you can just in an extra rushber, or a closer, to increasing with the gette number in the DMM statement.

Summary

Arrays filtre way the T/S TORKI learning strong groups is slightly nonstandard).

Statements: DIM

Exercises

 Set up at array MS of twelve strings in which M\$31 is the name of the month. 2. (Hint: The DIM Statement will be DIM MS112 911 Cent I by printing out all the MS III fune a local. Tune

> PRINT INDIVISITHE MONCH OF I MS/50-TINGTH OWNERN TIME TOTS ARE HI AVING"

What can you do about all those spaces?

2. You ess how strong are you with no distance from

D188 5 \$2 1 (6)

and you will find that AS behaves just 5kn a string asysthe, except that it absent his length 10 and assignment to die absent Promistoan

3 READ DATA and RESTORE

Most BASICs (but not Sinclair BASIC) have three statements on an READ DATA and RESTRUC

A DATA statement is a list of corresponding and taking all the DATA state. ments in the program gives one long list of expressions. the DATA list

READ statements are used to assign these expressions, one by one to rozioblegi

READY

for instance, assists the current expression in the DATA for to the venulde X and moves on to the next expression for the next READ statement

(RESTORE minyes back to the beginning of the DATA as:) In theory, you can always replace READ and DATA statements by LET statements: however, one of their major uses is for ortisfizing arrays, as in this program:

5 BEM THIS PROGRAM WILL NOT WORK IN SINCLAIR PARK

10 DIM M\$[12.3] 20 FOR N-1 TO 12

30 READ MSIND

40 NEXT N

50 DATA "JAN", "FEB", "MAR", "APR" 80 DATA "MAY", "JUN", "JUL", "AUG" 70 DATA "SEP" "OCT" "NOV" "DEC"

If you want to run this program only once, you reguld well repired line 30 by

3D INPUT MSINI

and you won't have any extra typing to de. Hewever, if you want to says the program, you certainly won't want to type in the ment's everytime you run it.

We suggest that you use this method:

- if in titure the array using a FOR-NEXT loop and an INPUT statement as described above.
- (ii) Crimin the FOR NEXT loop and the INPUT statement. (But not with NEW horause you want to preserve the array.)

(iii) Type in the sest of the program and save it. This will save the variables as well including the error.

liv! When you load the program bank, you will also load the array.

When you load the program bank, you will also load the array
 When you run the program, do not use RUN, which clears the variables. Hen SOTO instead.



Strings

One thing the 1 S 1000 can determ see ket calculators cannot do is deswith text. Type

PRINT "HITHERE, I AM YOUR T/S 1000." I" is shifted P.I.

The greening inside the quotes is defeat a strong treating a strong of characters) and can contem any criminators you like except the string quote." But you can use the so-called growth image. "I brindled at")

A common typing error with Strings is to leave out press the quoties — this will give you the Elimarker

If you are presting numbers out, you use use these strings to explain what the numbers mean. For instance, if you own a sportings good store, you might type

LET PRICEGOLE = 12.50

and then

PRINT "THE PRICE OF GOLF BALLS IS ":

(Don't worry of this turts over into a second line)

This statement displays these PRINT name. We group "THE PRICE OF GOLF BALLS IS" his maintainer 12 50 bits value of the varieties PRICEGOLF, and demarks a string "PER DOZEN" in fast, year can PRINT are, number of terms and any resture of terms and any resture of a string are a string are good or unboard of examinations. Note how the squares as a string are good an over any of its at the effects. They are not improved over a string are set as more and of it is the effects. They are not improved over a string are.

There are lots of things you can do with strings

 You can easign them to venables. However, the mans of the venable must be special to show that its value as 3 string and act a number. If must help single letter featived by 5 learning U.P. For example, span.

LET AS="BASKETBALL UNIFORM"

and

DRINT AS

You can add their logether. This is attentioned conceptantion, magning foliaining together." and that is exactly what it opes. Try.

PRINT "JERSEY" + "AND SHORTS"

Note that you are missing a space. Now try

PRINT "JERSEY" + " AND SHORTS"

Notice the space before AND.

You sunnot subtract, multiply or divide strings, or raise them to power.

- 3. You can apply some functions to strings to get numbers, and vice version
- LEN This is applied to a string, and the result is its length (the number of characters in the string). For instance

LEN "GLOVES" = 6 LEN "BATS" = 4

- VAL. I me amplied to a string, evaluates that string as an arrametic expression. For instance if A=BL MAL "1.2 + SQRA" = 3.5. If the string to which VAL is applied contains variables, then two rules must be obeyed.
 - ii II the VAL function is part of a furger expression, it must be the finite

item; e.g. 10 LET X = 7 + VAL "Y"must be changed to 10 LET X = VAL

(if VAL can only appear in the first coordinate of a PRINT AT, PLOT or UNPLOT statement

Isen Chapters 12 and 141 e.c.

10 LET Y = VAL "X"

4. Just as for numbers, you can combine these to make strong expressions,

which is evaluated as

Summary

Operation: + (for strings)
Functions: LEN, VAL, STRS

Exercises

1. Type

and then

Chapter 1P

PRINT AS " - " VAL AS

Try changing A\$ to more complicated terms and daing the cares, e.e.

LEN AS="ATN 1"4"

(The answer hom should be = 1

2. The string "" with no characters is orded the entiry or visit string. It is, the only string visites length in 8. Remember that source are significant and an empty string a not the string as the second source.

Do not confirm it with the quote image, "" fair agile token, shifted QI. This is a special device to affect for the fact that you beward write an entireary stang quote in the middle of a string levely rea?" When the quote image appears in a string data has its quotes of the end that instance, in the basing of a program! It shows no as two quote symbols, to incling with it shows no as two quote symbols, to incling with it shows no as two quote symbols. The conjugate is shown and are quote symbol.

Test

PRINT "X", "" "X", """, """, """, """, """

3. Type

PRINT "2+2=":2+1

Substrings

Green a string, a substring consists of a runner of consecutive characters from it taken in sequence. Thus "STRING" is a substraig of "BIGGER STRING" but "8 STRING" and "910 REG" are not

There is a notation, colled strong, for their niting autotropy which car be arrived to entire experience. The general forms.

string expression (start TO finish)

so that, for instance

```
"ABCOEF" (2 TO 5) 9 "BCDE"
```

If you and the start, then 1 is assumed. If you amit the finish the length of the string is assumed. Thus

```
"ABCDEF" (TO 6) # "ABCDEF" (TO 5) # "ABCDEF" (ABCDEF" (AB
```

"ABCDEF" ITO: = "ABCDEF" IT TO BE = "ABCDEF

and

ther what it's worth, you can elem write this last one as "ABCDEF"() |
A slightly different form can it the TO and has not true number.

Although normally light start and final must rater to existing parts of the start at more than the finish, then the result is the embry string. So

gives error 3 (subscript error) because, since the string contains only 6 characters, 7 is too many, but

The start and finish must just be regative, or you and print B.

This next prears in makes BS equal to AS, but printing any trailing spaces

10 INPUT A\$
20 FOR N=LEN AS TO 1 STEP -1
30 IF AS N) 10 <> "" THEN GOTO 60
40 NEXT N

50 LET BS=ASI TO NI

70 GOTG 16

Note that if AS is entirely spaces, then in line 50 we in our N=0 and AS I TO NE = AS II TO NE = ""

For string variables, we can not only extract substrates, but also assign substitute characters to from For instraine type.

10 LET A\$="THAT IS FAR OUT"

and then 20 LET A\$\fs T

Notice that since the substant AS IS TO \$1 is only 4 characters step, only the first first state have been used. This is a characteristic of peopling to substants, the substants is the substant of peopling to substants. It is substant, the substant is the sum length of the region of a was before. To make sure this happens, the start of the substant of its cit off on the right if it is too long, or thus right with spaces if it is considered. This is called Procrusteen assignment.

If you now change lines 20 and 30 to

20 LET AS 0="TERRIFIC" 30 PRINT AS you will see that the same thing has happened again ittes time with species put in because ASII counts as a substrine.

will place the period properly (but the string in the 10) has been replaced by the one in 20).

Sliging may be considered as having prior by 12, so, for outsince.

Complicated strong expressions will need prevention or around them before they can be sliced. For example

Summary

Slicing, using TO. Note that this notation is used only on the 1.5.1000.

Exercises

- Some BASICs treat the Simpler BASIC) mave three functions, called LEFTS RIGHTS & MIDS
- LEFTSIAS NI gives the substring of AS consists of the first Nicharacters. RIGHTSIAS NI gives the substring of AS consisting of the characters from the Nthon.
- MID\$IA\$.N1.N2! gives the substrute of A\$ committing of N2 characters starting at the N1th
- How would you write these in Sinclair SASIC?
- 2. Try this sequence of commands:

A\$ is now a string with string quotes inside it. So you can do this if you work hard enough, but if you had or gots if $I_{\rm XMM}$

the part to the right of the equals man would have been treated as an expression, giving AS the value "XY."

Now type

You will fine that although A\$ and B\$ look the same when panted out, they are not equal — try

70 PRINT ASDRS

The computer responds with "O" the equation is false, because \$\$ contains more quote image characters, livin code 1921 while A\$ contains genuine string quote characters (with orde 11).

3. Run this program:

This will fail because VAL does not treat the quote image "" as a strong quote

Insert some extra lines between 10 and 100 to reminior the quote images in AS by string quotes living hour must call CHRG 111 and try again.

 Type in the submodule that gridge trailing spaces, and write and run a program that uses it

5. This subroutine deletes every occurrence of the string "SUPERMAN" from A\$.

1000 FOR N=1 TO LEN AS -7
1020 IF ASIN TO N+7:= "SUPLIMAN" THEN LET ASIN TO N+7:= "1090 NEXT N

1040 RETURN

Write a program that gives AS various values leig. "SUPERMAN IS STRONG"; and applies the subvoutine. Notice that "SUPERMAN" does not have to be the first word in AS.

Sinclair BASIC Print Commands

This chapter covers the special BASIC at items its healful to operate a printer with your T/S 1000.

The first two LPRINT and LLIST, are just see PRINT and LIST, assemblished they use the printer instead of the television. (Fee L. is a historical accident When BASIC was recented at an area are accept typewhen accepted in television. FRINT reality the more print. It you wanted indicates a first type would use a sery fast two praints affected to the computer and as LPRINT statement machine. "The printer PRINT".

Try this program, for example

10 LPRINT "THIS PROGRAM". ...

20 LLIST

30 LPRINT .. 'PPINTS OLT THE CHARACTER SET ".

40 FOR N=0 TO 255 50 LPRINT CHR\$ N

50 NEXT N

The third statement, COPY, prints out a copy of the television across. Too

instance, get a listing on the screen of the program above, and tyre-

COPY

You can always strip the printer when it is running by pressing the BREAK law largers.

If you execute these statements without the printer attached, you will usually lose the output and proceed to the mext statement. However, sometimes the computer will get hung up, and you will need to use the BREAK key to resour if.

Summary

Statements: LPRINT, LUST COPY

Note: None of these statements is stirritum BASIC, although LPRINT is used by some other computers

Exercises

1. Try this:

10 FOR N=31 10 0 STEP _1

20 PRINT AT 31-N N; CHR\$ (CODE "O" I NI,

30 NEXTN

Yes will see a pattern of letters working down uniquently from the top right-hand convert with historical the historical frequently stops with error report 5.

New change 'AT 31 -N.W is line 20 to 'TAB fil'. The program will beyo exactly the same effect as before.

New change PRINT is no 20 to LPRINT. This time there will be no error 5, which should not occur with the printer, and the pattern will continue a restriction to the with the clinic.

Now change TAB N to AT 21 - NN st using LPRIN 1. This time you wiget just a single line of symbols. The reason for the difference is that the output from LPRINT is not printed immediately, but pranged in a buffer store, a parture one line love of what the composer will sent

ii) when the buffer is full.

hill after an LPHINT statement that gams not end in a commo or semicolon.

liii) when a comma or TAB item requires a new line.

or list at the end of a program if there is eay thing left unconted.

Number till explains why our program with TAB worse, the way it does. As for AT, the time remains a signered and the LPHINT post as the tile PRINT position, but for the printer in steed of this fellowing is changed to the course.

number. An AT them can relief cause a line to be sent to the penter. 'Actually, the line number after AT is not completely genored, it has to be between -21 and +21 or an entry will require for this cason it is safest always to appetly line 0. The tem 'AT 21 +31' is the lact velocing of our program would be much better hithmany less this profit of "replaced out of the temperature of the profit of the penter than the profit of the penter that the profit of the penter than the penter is the penter to the penter that the penter is the penter than the penter that the penter is the penter than the penter that the penter is the penter than the penter that the penter that the penter that the penter than the penter that the penter the

 Make a printed graph of SIN by running the progrant in Chapter 16 and then using COPY

The T/S 1000

for Those Who Understand BASIC

General

If you always an ow BASIC their you smult have have much brouble using the

Y S 100), hist it has mile or two idiosyncrasties.

ii) Words are not spelled out, but have keys of their own — this is described in Chapter 3 in server 1, and a find keysl and Chapter 15 filefunction names. In 25 tax, these conductors and in BOLD TYPE 14. Structure ASSIC Inches READ DA A and 465 TORE (but annewsricins 3 of

Change 17 concerning this), user-ordinations in IFN and DEF: but VAL

can sametimes be used | but muit in the left | etc.

to Title so up hind of facilities are minimum inverted non-standard — see Chapters 18 and 19, and also Clause 17 the string arrays.

has The first 1000 character set a committee; in some live. The selection display is not, a serie of married y-mapped.

fivi. If you are accustomed to long PTEK and PTIKE on a different machine, remember that all the address of vivil selections on the T S 1000.

Spand

The machine works at two spends, called consiste and display made and fast mode.

In compute and dispay, the TV somen is penerated continuously, and computed is done during the black and a it for two and buttom of the picture.

In fast mode the belowing picture is surred off camp computing and simple only at the and of a program, while evening the INPUT date or during a page tipe PAUSE!

Fast mode runs about four times as last and should be used for programs with a lot of userquiting as opposition to output, or when typing in long pre-

Switching testween speeds is done with the FAST and SLOW statements to v.)

The keyboard

T.S 1990 characters comprise red only time engle sychols betters, digits, the tibor his compound recens keywords, function marins, ear, these are printed mare in BOLD TYPES, and all are entered from the seyboard interesting them being spalled but. To fit this in, some eyest have up to five distinct them being spalled but. To fit this in, some eyest have up to five distinct them the property of the second street of the same since as the required one) and partie by flaving the machines in a flavor.

The mode is the coted by the susser, at theirs order after that provide where the next change is from the westernal will be accounted.

23 missa for kaywarded account automaterable when the few limits oversetting of parameters of program in our further time. IMPUT datast and force they parameter the limit of surrow; it though consists a man uniform they parameter the limit of surrow; it though consists a man uniform the experience of the limit of the limit of parameters of the limit of t

If minds the letterst nearristy occurs at a lighter times. If unshifted, the sext key will be intermetted as the main semble on that less

in both [3] and [3] modes, a shifted key will be interpreted as the pulminary redicharacter in the top right hand corner of the way.

mede for functional occurs after FUNCTION Islanted ENTER! is personal and facts for one key depression one. "Intlikey we be interpreted as a function union, which appears warder the key."

If made for granus accurs also GRAPHICS inhibited St is present and beta until it is present again. An unor find key will give the investor value of its II made interpretation. A surflad key will so well, provided that it is a symbol. But II the shift be key years if comply give a color in granus made at will give the granus of surflad key.

The screen

This has 24 tries each 32 characters long and is a vised into two parts. The top part is at most 22 less, and explain either a string or program outself. The britten part, at least tere and, is used for is extrag some units program into any type of the program in as any type of data, and also for a solven a report.

Keyboard mout. This appears in the bottom lines of the screen is it is

typed, each character tungle symbol or compound takent tuning mainted just before the runsor. The cursor can be marked bit with: "Shifted 50 or registry with: "Shifted 50 or the managed major the cursor can be entired with DELETE fainting 60. More the runsor and the sample with DELETE fainting 60. More the worked here can be deated by typing EDIT lightfed 10 failured by RMTER.

When ENTER is precised, the initial several initial interest into the program, or used as INPUT data as executively in our 1 contains a seature must be written.

case the symbol [] anneas just he for the error

As program lines are entered a licining to declared on the buy met of the screen. This last line to be entered a licining to declared on the buy met of the screen. This last line to be entered to Janke the current film and to entered to the symbol buy many per eyes. But that of \$1 and the entered to the symbol buy many per eyes. But that of \$1 and the feet many of the system and fan be ordered and the second time.

the bottom part of the screen and can be edited.

When a unusurem is executed or a exporain to subject is displayed in the

say half of the screen and remains useful agreement as a proceed, as ENTER processed with an insurpry time, or a consumed, in the bettern part appears a report of the form and, where is a public manning what around these Report Codes, and it is well not to be a second manner of the screen consumers. The report remains a surprise fall of the law are consumers the requirement of the screen consumers. It is expected to the screen consumers the screen consumers the specific to the consumer to the screen consumers the screen consumers to the screen consumer

computer with report D. This is recognized

If all the end of a statement which a program is running, bit while the computer is leading for a polymer in range.

or Let while the computer or using the parties for Let be accident trying to use it

The BASIC

Numbers are stored to an accuracy of 9 or 10 or ats. The largest number year using get is about 10° care the smaller imposited number is about

A number is stored in the TS 1008 in Goding-point binary with one exponent e I1 <=e<=2551 and four mantess bytes in I1 2<=m<11

This represents the number m * 2***15.

Since 1.2 * = m < 1, the mean against and be of the elemination in always.

Therefore in actual fact we can replace 1 with a but to show the sign = 0.

for positive numbers, 1 for negative
Zero fins a special representation in which all 5 bives are 0.

Numeric variables have name, of an temp length, starting with a letter and continue with etters and that's Spacer an according

Control variables of FOR-MEXT, page have names a small letter born.

Numeric amake from themes a single latter line, which move be the same as the name of a simple varietie. They may be so ath their yimany dimensions of arbitrary size. Subscripts start at 1

Strings are completely flexible in length. The hame of disting consists of e single letter followed by S.

String errors can inser orbitrarily many dimensions of artering use. The name is a single letter followed by 5 and may not be the arms or the name of string. Aff the strings in a great strip before the same fived length, which is specified as an extra, final dimension in the DMI statement. Subscripts start of 1.

Sticing: Superrings of strings may be specified by using sticing. A slicer can be

ii) empty

hel comment al mercines can

an numerical express of

lini optional numerical e-pression TO options numerical expression and is used in expressing a substring either by

lal string expression (slicer)

thi stone array variable fault from sufrancer diame

which means the same as

string array variable (subscript, ..., subscript) (slicer)

nital, suppose the styrup expression her the value of

I the siliper in among the result is \$8 condincted as a substraing of their

files 5 cor s a runter cal expression with value m, the result is the mth character of \$5 is substring of leganth 1).

If the slicer has the form into suppose the first number of expression has the value of the default value is 11, and the second, is the default value in the leader of the product of the conduct of the

if $1 \le u \le u \le u \le e$ the length of SB, the result is the substraint of SB, the result is the substraint of SB, the result is the substraint of B $S = e \le u$, the result is the empty string.

If 0 < = n < m, the result is the empty si Otherwise, error 3 results

Sheing is performed larger functions or operations are evaluated, unless brackets dictate otherwise.

Substrings can be assigned to (see LET)

The argument of a function does not remarkens if it is a comment or a possibly subscripted or sliced variable.

Function	Type of operand	Result
ABS	(x) number	Absolute magnitu(le
ACS	number	Arcos ne in radians From A if x not in the range -1 to
AND	amany appointing a glid opened absorbed as a matter	

A # 8 = 0

OifBed

	number	Arcsine in radians Error A if x not in the range ~1 t +1.
	number	Arctangent in regions
10	number	The character whose code is a rounded down to the neares integer. Error B if a not in the range 0 to 255
8	string	The code of the first character in

Cosine

AANDBR

Numeric left operand:

String left operand

rombar

number

proper

lin radians)

ACN ATN CHRS

CODE COS

EXP

INKEYS

		model the key pressed if there is exactly one, else the empty string.
INT	riumber	Integer part (always rounds down).

LEN	string	Length.
LN	number	Natural loganthm (to base e) Error A if x < = 0
NOT	number	O if x ± O 1 if x = O NOT bee

		priority 4	
OR	binary operation, both operands	A OR B =	1118 = 2 1AifB = 0

numbers OR has priority 2 PEEK number The value of the byte in memory whose address is x (rounded to the nearest integer!

Error B if x not in the range 0 to 05539

 $0 \text{ if } x \neq 0, 1 \text{ if } x = 0. \text{ NOT has}$

iteads the keyboard. The result is

Chanter 21

PN none = (3.14159265...I

RND none The next pseudo-random number y in a sequence generated by taking the powers of 75 module BBS37, subtracting 1 and dividing by 6553 0.5 = 2.5

SGN number Signum: the sign (-1, 0 or +1) of s.

SIN number Sine

5QR number Square root

STR\$ number The string of characters that would be displayed if a ware printed

TAN number Tangeni

GSR camper Calls the machine code subroutine whose starting address is x. On re-

turn, the result is the contents of

VAL sing Evaluates x (without its bounding quotes) as a numerical expression.

quotes) as a numerical expression. Error C of x contains a syntax error, or gives a string value.

Other errors possible, depending on the expression

number Nanation

70 - 1 - 10 - 10 - 11

The following are binary operations:

+ Addition for numbers for conceleration ten strings:

Subtraction
 Multiplication

Division
 Raising to a power. Error Hyl left operand is recontive.

= Equals
> Greater than
< Less than

< = Less than or equal to > = Greater than or equal to < > Not equal to Both operands must be of the same type. The result is a number, 1 if the comparison holds, and 0 if it does not.

Functions and operations have the following provides:

Operation	Printy
Subscribing and slicing All functions except NOT and	12
unary minus	1.1
**	10
Unary minus	9
*/	8
+,- (binary -1	6
=,>,<,<=,>=,<>	Б
NOT	4
AND	3

Statemente

Les Abiles base

ini	represents a single tatte	ér

v represents a variable
x.v.z represents numerica expressions

m.n represents numerical expressions that an reamined to the negrest

represents an expression

represents a string-valued expression

Note that are livey expressions are a lowed everywhere lexicipit for the line number of the beginning of a statement)

All statements except INPUT can be used either as commands or it seograms fathough they may be more consiste in one than the other!

CLEAR Deletes of we abled freeing the space they occupied

CLS (CLear Screen) Clears the display file. See Chapter 26 concerning the display file.

CONT Suppose a bleet the last report with a nonzero. Then CONT has the offect

GOTO bifs # 9 GOTO b+1 if n = 9 (STOP stalement)

COPY
Series a copy of the display to the per-ties of attached; otherwise does nothing Report D if BREAK pressed.

DIM si In. 197

Deletes any array with the name @ and sets up an erray of numbers with k dimensions n. . n. Initializes all the values to

Dimi

Error 4 occurs if there is no room to fit the array in. An array is undefined until it is dimensioned in a DIM extense.

DIM & Sin., ., n,I

Deletes any array or string with the name (0.5) and sets up an array of characters with k dimensions m₁, n₁. Intializes all the values to "". This can be considered as an erray of

strings of fixed length n., with k-1

dimensions ... n., Error 4 occurs if there is no room to fit the array in An array is undefined until it is dimenleged in a DIM statement.

FAST

Starts fast mode, in which the display file is displayed only at the end of the program, while INPUT data is being typed in, or during a

FOR S = x TO y

FOR第 = x TO y STEP 1

FORW = x TO y STEP z

Deletes may simple variable and sets up a control variable with value x, limit y, stop x, and looping address 1 more than the line number of the FOR statement (-1 if it is a command). Checks; if the initial value is greater lift step > 00 onless lift step < 00 than the limit, and if 30, then skips to statement NEXT 00 at the beginning of a line. See NEXT 00 the control of the co

trol variable

GOSUB n

Pushes the number of the GOSUB statement onto a stack: then as GOTO n

Error 4 can occur if there are not enough

GOTOD

Jumps to line n (or, if there is none, to the first line after that)

IE x THEN s

If x is true inon-zerol, then s is executed fine form 'IF x THEN line number' is not allowed. INPUT V

Stops liwith no special prompt) and waits for the user to type in an expression; the value of this is assigned to v. In fast mode, the display file is displayed. INPUT cannot be used as a comparad, arms 8 peculiar if you will

from first character is the IMPUT line is \$TOP,

LEY yee

Assigns the value of e to the variable v

Let cannot ge omittee. A simple variable is undefined until it is assigned to in a LET of INPUT statement. If v is a subscripted sing variable, or a sliced string variable substring), then the passignment is Procussions. The string value of e is ather truncated or filled out with spaces to the gridt, to make it this same flength as the verifield, to make it has some flength as the verification.

LIRTS

Lists the program on the TV screen, starting at line b, and makes a the current line Error 4 or 5 if the listing is too long to fit on the screen. CRINT will be want the same position.

LHSTO

Like LIST, but using the printer instead of the television

Should do nothing if the printer is not attached

Stress with Report Dif BREAK is pressed

Looks for a program called fion tape and loads it and its variables. If f = "", then loads the first program available.

If BREAK is pressed, then

ii) if no program has yet been read in from

tape, stops with report 0 and old program;

lii) if part of a program has been read in,
then executes NEW

Like PRINT, but using the printer instead of the television. A line of text is sent to the

ine television. A line of text is sent to the

to the next,

full after an LPRINT statement that does not end ma comma or a semicolon.

FEI ARG

LIST

LIST

LLIST

LOADE

LEBINT

fill) when a comma or TAB item requires a

livi at the end of the program, if there is

In an AT item, only the column number has any affect; the line number is ignored. An AT item never sends a line of text to the printer. There should be no effect if the printer is

Stone with report D if BREAK is pressed

Restarts the BASIC system, deleting program and variables and using the memory up to but not including the two whose address is the system variable RAMTOP (bytes 16388 and 1839a).

(ii) Finds the control variable (ii).

(iii) Adds its step to its value

(iii) If the step > iii) and the value > the

limit; or If the step < D and the value < the

limit; then jumps to the looping line

First 1 if there is no control value by

Steps computing and displays the display file for o frames (at 50 frames per second) or until a key is pressed. 0 <= n <= 65535, also error 0.15 n > 32767, then the pause is not timed, but lasts until a law is pressed.

Blacks in the pixel (|m|,|n|); moves the PRINT position to just after that pixel $0 \le m |m| \le 63$, $0 \le |m| \le 43$, else

error 8.

Writes the value n to the byte in store with

address m. 0 <= m <= 85535, -255 <= n <= 255.

The '..' is a sequence of PHINT items, separated by commas or semicolons. They are written to the display file for display on the television. The position (line and column) where the next character is to be printed is called the PRINT nosition.

A PRINT item can be li) empty, i.e., nothing

lii) a numerical expression

NEXT %

PALISE -

PHOTOG

POKE mn

DRINT

First, a minus sign is printed if the value is

Now let + he the modulus of the value

If $x <= 10^{-5}$ or $x >= 10^{13}$, then tits printed using scientific notition. The mantissa part has up to eight digits liveth no trailing zones, and the decimal point laborat if only one digit, and the decimal point absent if only one digit, or after the first. The exponent part is E. followed by + or -, followed by one or two counts.

Otherwise x is printed to ordinary decimal notation with up to eight significant digits, and no trailing zeros ofter the decimal point. A decimal point right at the beginning is always followed by a zero, so, for instance, .03 and .03 are ordinated as such

3 is proffed as a simple digit Q

Im! a steeto expression

The tokens in the string are expanded,

The quote image character points as " Unused characters and control characters print as ?

livi AT mn

The PRINT position is changed to line m togathing from the top), column in counting from the left). 0 <=|m| <= 21, 0 <=|n| <= 31, else error B. If i m| = 22 or 23, error 5.

w TARn

n is reduced modulo 32. Then, the PRINT position is moved to adlumn n, staying on the same line unless this would involve backspacing, in which case it moves on to the next line 0 < n < 0 < 0 < 0 < 0.55.

A senicolon bitwoon two items-leaves the PRINT position unchanged, so that the second tem follows immediately after the first. A comma, on the other hand, moves the PRINT position on at least one place; and after that, as many as are necessary to fleavent in column 0 or 16, moving to a natural line if necessary.

At the end of the PRINT statement, if it does not end in a semicolon or comma, a new line is started.

Error 4 (out of memory) can occur with 3K or less of memory

Error 5 means that the screen is filled

RETURN

BB17783

SCROLL

SLOW

In both cases, the cure is CONT, which will clear the screen and allow the program

BAND C

RAND n

Sets the system variable (called SEED) used to generate the next value of RMD. If $n \neq 0$, the SEED is given the value $n \neq 1$ in $n \neq 0$, the SEED is given the value $n \neq 1$ in $n \neq 0$, it is given the value of another system variable [called FRAMES] that counts the frames so far displayed on the television, and an should be fairly readon.

Error B occurs if n is not in the range D to

No effect. '...' can be any sequence of characters except ENTER.

> Pops a line number from the GOSUB stack and jumps to the line after it

Error 7 occurs when there is no line number on the stack. There is some mistake in your program; GOSUBs are not properly balanced by RETLINIA.

RUNG

RUN n CLEAR, and then GOTO n

SAVE1 Records the program and variables on tape

SAVE should not be used inside a GOSUB routine

Error F occurs if f is the empty string, which is not allowed.

Scrolls the display file up one line, losing the top line and making on empty line at the hottom.

Note that the new line is genuinely empty with just an ENTER character and no spaces

Puts the computer into compute and display mode, in which the display file is displayed continuously and computing is done during the spaces at the top and bottom of the picture.

STOP

UNPLOTED

Steps the group of Report 9 CONT will resume with the following line.

Like PLOT, but plants out a μ and material of blacking it in

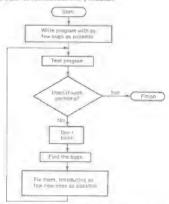
Chapter 22

Flowcharting and Debugging

There is more to the art of programming computers their just knowing which statement does write. You will profitably already have found that most of your programs have what are technically known as dogs when you first type their or: maybe just typing terms, or maybe mestakes in your own ideas of what the program should do. You might just this down to inexperience.

ALMOST EVERY PROGRAM STARTS OFF WITH BUGS IN IT

The general plan can be a strated with a flavorher



The rise is to follow the arrows from sex to box, soing what each one trisings, to do. We have used different serts of boxes for different serts of extractions.

A rounded box	is to start or finish
A rectangular bek	is a straightforward matruction
A diamond	asks you to make some kind or decision before going on.

If here shapes are fairly widely used, but they are not manufatory i

Flowerants are after and for desenting the large-grale structure of programs, with a subroutine in almost every box, so a howefact for our distance

example in chapter 9 might be



Amining — flowcharts, subre utilines, and also REPM soberments — that makes the sprujimi clearer grown your a harber or disenseting of it, and then you are more to write flower bugs. But subreal read also help you act but the bugs you have insularly written by making the program entire to less. You will find it much easier to less fire automatic action and a make such entire the less than the program entire to less from the find it much easier to less fire automatic actions and make such entire the less for the subread of the less find the subread of the less find the l

Subscutines, then, help with the box "find the bugs," and this is the box where you meet all the belongous angest for it is after the most excepting. Other birts for finding burs are

- W. Make sure there are no two attrement. Always that is
- (ii) Try to determine what all the carriantes should be at each stage and, if possible, explain them in REM statements. You can check the variables at a
- given point in the program by inserting a PRINT scotement at that point (in) if the effect of the program is to make the program stap with an error control, use the information as the topological expectation to be a program of the control of the program of the control of the
- variables, if necessary

 Int You multi be able to step through a congrum but by lare by I young in
 its lines as commands.
- ly! Pretend to be the computer into the program on yoursel! using pend and paper to dole down the values of the valuable.
- Once you've found the bugs, fixing there is much live winting the original program, but you must test the program again it is curpre-mpty easy to fix one bug only to introduce another.

Exercises

- Occasionally this miss have already inspended to you you will lose a lengthy program you have written, as almost finished, be disconnecting the lengthy program of the power supply accidentally. This goal parameters happens supremented to the supply accidentally. This so that the power supply accidentally account to the supply accidentally summation as the supply accidentally according to the supply according to the supply according to the supply accidentally according to the supply according to the s
- 2. The flowshirt for the distance calculator has no "timeh" how Does this matter? Where would you gut one in the flowshier if you wanted to?

Chapter 23

Number Systems

We believe that humans count by tens — the decimal system — because humans have ten fingers. Computers count internally "by twos": one binary This is not because they have early two tengers, but because they can mily distinguish between two states of their many internal switches, on or off 1 or 0.

Although engineers use a binary system when building computers later right column of table nost page, enother number cystem is martial because in a series to read and own as easily converted to swam. It is celled heredenimal laty systems, or having bage shifteen with humans.

lex	English
1 2	zero
1	one
2	two
9 A B D	nine
A	ten
B	eleven
C	twelve
D	thirtenn
E	fourteen
F	fifteen
10	sixteen
9	twenty free
IA.	twenty-six
18	Swelling seven
	Circuity Second
-	
IF-	thirty-one
265	thirty-two
20	thirty-three
IF.	and hundred and fifty-eight
JE JF	one hundred and fifty-nine
40	one hundred and sixty
11	one hundred and sixty-one
	One fiditioned all disk(y*(stig
E	two hundred and fifty-four
F	two hundred and fifty-five
99	tive hundred and fifty-six

If you are using less notation and you want to make the fact quite clear, write "N" at the small of the auxiliar and sev "hea." For instance, for one hundrad and frite-wells, write "REF" and say "men E hea."

In the different systems, counting benins.

Logish	Desama!	Hexadecimal.	Himary	
zero	Ø	0	Ø or ØØØØ	
one	1	1	1 pr 0001	
two	2	2	10 or 0010	
three	3	3	11 pr 0011	
tout	4	4	100 or 0100	
five	5	5	101 pr 0101	
Six	6	6	110 or @110	
Seven	46 5 6 7	23456789A	111 pr 0111	
eight		8	1000	
nine	B 9	9	1001	
ten	10	A	1010	
eleven	11	8	1011	
twelve	12	C	3100	
thirteen	13	Ð	1101	
fourteen	14	F	1110	
fifteen	15	E	1111	
sixteen	16	10	10000	

The important point is that sixteen 5 riqual to two reseal to the fourth power, which makes converting between his and trassy very easy.

To convert hex to binary, change each hav digit into four bits, using the table above. The binary digits 0 and 1 are relement to as over

To convert binary to has, divide the binary number into groups of four bits, starting on the right, and then arrange each group into the corresponding hex

The test invites the computer are mostly grouped into sets of eight, or lower. A engle bute can represent any named from sure to two humbred and fifty-five [111111] honory or Times, or glorentively, any character in the 1% 1006 presenter set fix value can be written with two hex funts.

Two bytes can be grouped together to make what is technically onled a cond. A word can be written using sixteen his or four hax digits, and represents a number of som 0 to En oscillar 12." 1 = 85.53.

A higher a always worth bits. In it worth warp in the computer to on muries

Summary

Decimal, hexadecimal and binary systems
Bits and bytes (don't confuse them) and words.

Evercises

- How would you convert from pomula to quasars and larck again
 when all the numbers are written in decimal?
 - when all the numbers are written in decima

How would you convert between decimal and hex? Hint: exercise 1.1.
Write programs on the T/S 1000 to convert numerical values into the strings giving their hex representation, and vice varies. This is what STRS and VAL do with decimal processations.

Chapter 24

How the Computer Works

It is beyond the scope of the manual to describe in detail the electronics of the 1/3 1000 and its operation, but we can give some issue of the purpose of its larger components.

The distration in this chapter shows the T-S 1000 with its outer case removed. The rectangular black components with the metal legs are ICs—integrated circuits. Actually you are liceking at only the package—the IC itself is much smaller.

The most important IC of the T-S 1000 is the CPU ICentral financialing Unit I it is a 789A microprocessor. The processor does the eithmetic, and electromically controls the rest of site cumputer according to the equivalent

The operating system is contained in the HOM IC. This is a gold state electronic storage device which has a program parmisently wired in to make the CPU work. The program is unique to the 1'S 1990, in symbotic form it is a long sequence of bytes. Each byte has an address showing its position in

tine ROM — the limit one has address C, the second has address 1, and so on up to 8.19.1 which is why the Sundair BASIC is a fleet SK BASIC.

That can see what type as at a given advance by using the function PERK. For example, this program usuals out the first 21 bytes to the ROM limit their addresses.)

- 10 PRINT "ADDRESS" TAR S. "BYTC"
- 20 FOR A=0 TD 2D
- 30 PRINT A:TAB 8:PEEK A
- 40 NEXT A

The RAM chip is an electronic "screech past" which is begind up to the CPU. The BASIC programs that you type in are stored electronically here, as are its variables, the television picture, and the system variables language technical word).

Like the ROM, the RAM storage is arranged into bytes, each with an address. These range from 1939s to 1843 for 2279 7 if you have o 16K RAM lack potentialor. As with the ROM you can shall be valued at these oversity by using PEEK. The difference within you can switchings them.

POKE 17300 57

This gives the byte at audress 17300 the value 57 of you now type

PRINT PEEK 17300

you get your number 5 7 back. (Try polong at other square)

Note that the artiferes has to be between 0 and 6555s, and most of these will refer to bytes in 80M or reschere at all and so have no effect. The value must be between 255 and 255s, and fire a nearly register 556 and 455s.

The strifty to poke gives you immense power have the computer if you know how is use if, however, the receiping in bedeutige in out or more train case the impacted in an interface manual fleen this.



Counter 24

The last large IC are call the SCL (Similar Correctes Large). It is a ULA immer teamward jargent seasonly designed and made for the TS 1086 is wreat the other community to one send are unit inconcess when the corrections in concess were the contractions of the Correction of the Cor

The mediuline coveres the community to the size of opinion and suit the for the solevanor, and the regulator converts the amount of the solevanor.

Summary

Chips Statements: POKE

Chapter 25

Using Machine Code

This compile is written for shore who uncertained 260 machine code, the set of instructions that the 269 generated class uses it. You wish to play more advant 760 mechanic codes and programming, the following backs published by Restore Publishing Company, fire, Relation Virgan, lawy the highful Mactering Machine Code on Your 2X61, by Tom Baker, and 2-90 Users Manual by Joseph J. Carr.

The ultimate authority is the ZBO Assembly Language Programming Manual towards with the ZBO CM1 ZBOA CPU Technology Manual multimbad

by Zilog but these can hardly be recommended for peninners.

Magine code routines but as executed from wither a BASIC program by using the function USR. The argument of USR is the starting address of the routine, and its result is a two-twist congram of magin; the continuits of the for register pair on return. The return sources to the BASIC is stacked in the usual way, so return is by a 280 RET instruction.

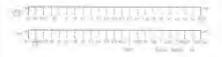
There are certain restrictions on USR routines:

(i) On return, the i register must have the value 1Eh

his. The display routine uses all first by and ringuisters, a USR soutine should not use these if compute and display is operating. It is not even sufe to read

the af' pair.

All these lines from the processor are exposed at the leak of the 1 S 1588, so in primptle your ban do crything with a 15 1088 that you can with a 250. The 15 1008 hardware might semicines up in the way, though exposed in a comparts and resplay. Here is a chapter of the exposed connections at the bar.



A piece of machine code in the middle of memory runs the use of being overwritten by the BASIC system. Some value places are

If his RFM statement type in a RFM statement with enough of a ractural to cold your reaches code which you then probe in "Avoid half with statement to the problem will be commonly as the service of the RFM statement to the problem of the problem

tel lie it string sæt up å fong enouge string, and from ausige a machine

code byte to each character

In both of these the caste exally but there to move shout, then we specially to cast with strongs, in the Appendix, the character sec. you will find the characters and 250 section section sections and 250 section sections.

well find this useful when entering onde

for At the top of the memory. When the LS 1000 is sever been in the entry been into make memory many and party in many many party in the top so from the mean and party in many many party in the top so first there is not assemble 1050 that me force it when the posterous of the first immunication have less in TV or 174.50 decay of the VS notes on the party in a system was an extent to PANTOP. The true byte with accompany in a system was true in some an PANTOP. The true byte with accompany in a system of the party with accompany in a 15.000 MW. at the party many in the party in the part

PRINT PEEK 16388+266*PEEK 16389

follows: The last resid 11 741 B, of the first names were him.

Now empore yes have a USA regime 20 better long. You want to change want (0 to 1 138 = 236 + 255 62 time are a specific want the but in the computer?), so type

POKE 16388,236 POKE 18389.67

and then NEW. The twenty bytes of memory from address 17398 to 17407 are now yours to do with what you like. If you then type NEW again it will not effect them sharply from

The top of memory is a good blace for USB routines, safe lower from NEW) and immediate its man disadvantage is that it is not seved by SAVE

Summery

Functions: USA Statements: NEW

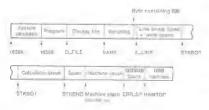
Exercises

 Make RAMTOP equal to 16700 and then execute NEW. You will get an idea of what happens when the memory gets full.

Chapter 26

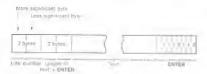
Organization of Storage

The memory is divided into different aleas for storing different kinds of information. The whole are only image enough for the information they crutally contain, and if you insert more at a given point for instance, by edding a magram from an unablab, about to make by whiting any enoughing above that point. Conversally, if you delete information, everything above the deletion is shifted down.



The system variables contain various person of information that bell the computer which sort or state the computer is in. They are used lake the not chapter, but for the moment note that there are some located D, FLE, VARS, E I INE and so or 'that contain the addresses of the boundaries between the various areas in the memory. These are an BASIC variables, and they marries will not be recognized by the computer.

In the program, each line is stored as



Note that in contrast with all other cases of two-legte numbers in the 280, the line numbers have land also main FOR NEXT control varieties a storial with its more against not byte first limit is to say, in the order that you explore write them down.

A numerical constant in the program is followed by its binney form, using the character CHR\$ 126 followed by five bytes for the number staat!

The display file is the manney cross of the selevation picture. It begins with an ENTER character followed by twenty-four lines of text, each himbing with or ENTER. The system is so charging throat pince for cost on need a full thirty twen characters: final spaces can be omitted. This is dismeit a serve

space when the memory's small.

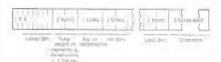
While the title bright of memory laccending to the system variable BAMTOP is tess than 3.1.4K a clear screen, as sat up at the start or by CLS. Instant or just 26.6 ENTERS, When the memory is bugger, a clear screen is padded out with 24.12 spaces, and on the whole it stoke as tip fellows, SCROLL, threative, and contain our ordinary where the lower part of the screen expands to more than two lines are used their by introducing short.

The vanables have different formula, conservant on their different patterns

Number whose name is one lester out.

Number whose name is longer than one letter

Attait of numbers



The order of the elements is

- first, the elements for which the first subscript is 1
- sext, the elements for which the first subscript is 2
- mext, the elements for which the first subscript in I and so on for all possible values of the first subscript in
- the elements with a given first subscript are address in the same way using the eacond subscript, and so an ileum to the last.

As an example, the elements of the 3 X B array B in Shapter 22 are stored in the order 81.15, 81.25, 811.35, 811.41, 811.55, 811.64, 812.11, 812.21 ... 812.61, 812.81

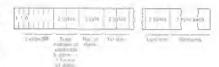
Control variable of a FOR NEXT loop:



Stron



Acres of characters



The part starting at ELLINE contains the line being typed les a command, a program line, or INPUT that and also some work source.

The calculator is the part of the BASIC system that deals with an Unique, and the numbers it is coverating are held mostly at the calculator stack.

The spare part contains the space or less mostly is the

The machine stack is the stack used by the 2-80 chip to hold return addresses and so on

The space for USR routines has to be set assite by your, using NEW as described in the last chapter.

M 40 M

Chapter 27

The System Variables

The bytes in memory from 10330 to 1656R are set as de finisped in used by the system. You can pleas them to find out various things about the system, and some of free can be usefully poline. They are issued light with their uses.

These are called system variables and carry names, but do not confuse them with the variables used by the BASIC. You cannot use the names at a BASIC program, they are simply manufactal that are used to make it resear to refer to the variables.

The abbreviations in column 1 have the following meanings

X The variable should not be poked. It was use the system might cresh
N Poking the variable will have no lasting affect.

The variable is saved by SAVE.

The number is ordered 1 is the number of lighter in the varieties. For two leytes, the first one is the sees applicant byte — the review of what you might expect. So to coke a value you have byte a value of the varieties at address in your

POKE n.v-256*INY (v/256)

and to peek its value, use the expression

PEEK n + 256*PEEK (n+1)

Notes	Address	Name	Contents
•	16384	ERR_AR	I less than the ropert code. Starts off a 255 (for = 1), so PEEK 16384, if it works it all, gives 255 , POKE 16384, in it works it all, gives 255 , POKE 16384, no an builded to force an error half. If $\alpha = n < 14$ gives one of the usual reports, $15 < n < 34$ or $98 < n < 127$ gives nonstandard vaport, and $36 < n < 127$ gives nonstandard vaport, and $36 < n < 128$ gives of likely to mess up the display file.
X1	18385	FLAGS	Various flags to confrol the BASIC
XZ	16386	FRA_SP	Address of first item on machine stack
2	16388	HAMTOP	Address of first byte above BASIC system area. You can note this to make NEW reserve space above that area (see Chapter 25) or to fool CLS into setting up a minimal disolay the IChapter 25).
N1 N2	16390 16391	MODE PPE	Specifies K. J. For G cursor Line number of statement currently being executed. Poking this has no lasting offect except in the last line of the program.
S1	16393	VERSN	0 Identifies BK ROM in saved programs
5.7	16394	E_PPC	Number of current line (with program cursor)
5X2 92	16396 15358	D_FILE BF. CC	See Chapter 25 Address of PRINT position in display file Can be poked so that PRINT output is sent alsowbers.
5X2 5N2	16400 16402	VARS DEST	See Chapter 25 Address of variable in assignment.
5X2 5X2	16404 16406	E_LINE CH_ADD	See Chapter 26 Address of the next character to be inter- prated: the character after the argumen of PEEK, or the ENTER at the end of a POKE statement.
52	16408	X_PTH	Address of the character preceding the marker.

Notes	Address	Name	Contents
SX2	18410	STKBOT	
		0111001	See Chapter 26
SX2	18412	STKEND	Sed Griepter & G
SN1	16414	BHEG	Calculator's b register.
SN2	16415	MEM	Address of area used for calculator memory. IUsually MEMBOT, but no
\$1	16417	not used	
SX1	16418	DF_SZ	The number of lines (including one blan- line) in the lower part of the screen
52	16419	S_TOP	The number of the top program line automatic listings.
SN2	16421	LAST K	Shows which keys pressed
SN1	16423		Debounce status of keyboard
SNI	16424	MARGIN	Number of blank lines above or belo- picture — 31
SX2	16425	NXTLIN	Address of next program line to be executed
\$2	16427	OLDPPC	Line number to which CONT jumps
SNC	18429	FLAGX	Various flags
SN2	16436	STRLFN	Length of string type designation i
SN2	16432	T-ADDR	Address of next item in syntax table lyer unlikely to be useful!
\$2	16434	SEED	The seed for RND. This is the variab
\$2	16436	FRAMES	Counts the frames displayed on the television flit 15 is 1. Bits 0 to 14 are decrimented for each frame sont to the television. This can be used for training, to PAUSE also uses it. PAUSE resets bit 1.
			to @ and puts in bits @ to 14 the length of the pause. When these have been coun- ed down to zero, the pause stops. If the pause stope because of a key depression bit 15 is set to one again.
51	16438	COOROS	x-coordinate of last point PLOTted
51	16439		v-coordinate of the last point PLOTted
Si	16449	PR_CC	Less significant byte of address of ner position for LPRINT to print at (i PRBUFF)
SX1	16441	S POSN	Column number for PAINT position
SX1	16442	01.0014	Line number for PAINT position

Notes	Aridress	Name	Contents
\$1	18443	CDITAG	Various flags. Bit 7 is an (1) during com- pute and display e.
\$33 \$N30	16444 16477	PRBUTE MEMBOT	fresher hidder (3 are presented is ENTER. Calculator's memory links, used to stone numbers that cannot conveniently be put
S2	16507	not used	on the calculator stack

Evercless

1. Try this program

10 FOR N=0 TO 21

20 PRINT PEEK (PEEK 10400+256* PEEK 18401 + N.

30 NEXT N

This tells you the first 22 bytes of the variables area. In to match up the control variable N with the description in Chapter 26

2. In the program above, change line 20 to

This talk you the first 22 bytes of the program area. Match these up with the program itself.

Appendix

The Character Set

This is the complete T S 1005 character set, with codes in decimal and his. If one imagines the codes being 280 machine code instructions, then the complete of the complete complete the complete of the code of the complete of the code of the

Cone	Character	Max	780 assembler	nitus CR	-after ED
2 3 4	space	00 01 02 03 04	nop Id bc,NN Id (bc), a inc bc inc b	rick ricc ned rice rich	

Cone Character	Hex	Z80 assembler	-sfter CB	-elter£D
5 N	-25	dec b	ric I	
6 8	-56	ld b, N	ric (hl)	
7 (89	-07	rlca	ric a	
81	DH	ex ef, at"	rac b	
9 :	09	edd hl,bc	TTC C	
10	15/0	Id a, (bc)	FIG C	
11 "	68	dec bc	-11C G	
12 E	@C	ine c	rne h	
13 \$	GD	decc	rng I	
14 :	OE.	id c,N	rec lhl)	
15 ?	ØF.	LLCS.	FFC E	
16	10	djnz DIS	rl b	
17)	11	ld de NN	rt c	
18 >	12	ld ide},a	rl ct	
19 <	13	inc de	rl-e	
20 =	14	inc d	11.ft	
21 +	15	dec d	rl	
22 -	16	id d.N	rf lhli	
23 .	17	tla	rl a	
24 /	18	jr DIS	rr b	
25 :	19	add hf,de	TE C	
26	1A	ld a, ldel	rr d	
27 .	18	dec de	IT (0)	
78 0	1C	ince	rr to	
29 1	10	dec.e	rr l	
30 2	1E	ld e.M	rr lh0	
31 3	16	rra	rr a	
32 4	20	jr nz, DIS	sla b	
33 5	21	ld hl,NN	sla c	
34 6	22	id (NN),hl	sla d	
35 7	23	inc hi	sin e	
56 8	24	ine h	sla h	
37 9	25	dec to	sla I	
38 A	26	ld h, N	sla (hl)	
39 B	27	das	sla a	
4D C	28	jr z, DIS	ara b	
41 D	29	add hl.hl	sra c	
42 E	ZA.	Id ht, (NN)	sra d	
43 F	28	dec hi	sra e	
44 G	2C	inc1	sra h	
45 H	2D	deci	sra I	
46	2E	BUN	sra lhl;	
47 J	2F	epl	sra a	
48 K	30	ir nc,DIS		
48 L	31	ld sp.NN		
50 M	32	id (NN), ii		

Hex	Z80 assembler	-star CH	-afterED	
33456789ABCDEF01123446789ABCDEF01123456789ABCDEF0	inc spines (inc. fill) dec little (inc. fill) dec little (inc. fill) set (inc. fill) set (inc. fill) dec (inc.	5 2 c set c	in b, (cl out lol, b she hi, h cl d (NN) bc neg et al out lol, a cl out	
	334533633738933A83CDEFF441143446647889A44CDEFF5554455655655555555555555555555555555	33 inc sp 34 inc (hill 36 de lini) 36 de lini) 36 de lini) 36 de lini) 37 st clini) 38 dec sp 30 dec s 3	33 inc sp 34 inc full 35 dec lift 36 dec lift 37 dec lift 38 dec lift 38 dec lift 38 dec lift 38 dec sp	33 ino sp 34 ine fill 35 dee film 36 dee film 36 dee film 37 dee film 38 dee film 38 dee film 38 dee film 38 dee sp

Cade	Character	High	Z80 assembler	after CB	ofter ED
97)		61	ld h.c	Dit 4.c	out (c),h
98		62	left th, et	bit 4.d	ses bl.hl
99		63	ld h.e	pit 4.e	Id INNE.ht
100		64	Isli In.h	bit 4.h	
191		65	ld h.l	Dit 4.1	
102		66	lettin, (hl)	bit 4. (hl)	
103	not used	67	id hia	bit 4.a	FFED.
104		68	Ad f.br	bit 5,b	in L(c)
105		69	ld I.c	Dit 5.c	gui lei,i
196		GA	RECUI	bit 5.rl	add hl.hi
107		6.8	ld læ	bit 5.e	Id de, (NN)
108		6C	50 (.1)	bit 5.h	
109		6D	la i i	bit 5.1	
110		6E	(d t.(h))	tot 5, (hl)	
1317		6F	ld La	pit 5.e	rid
112	cursor up -	70	ld (htt), b	toit fi.h	
113	cursor down <	21	ld (htt.c	pit 6.c	
114	cursor left (72	ld lhll,d	tech G.rd	stac hit.sp
115	cursor right ¢	73	ld lhb, e	pit 6.e	Id INN).sp
118	GRAPHICS	74	ld lhll,h	ort 6.h	
177	EDIT	75	Id (ht), I	6/t 6.I	
118	ENTER	76	halt	bet 6. (ht)	
119	DELETE	27	lcf lhf), a	bit 6.a	
120	E3 L9 mode	78	ld a,b	bet 7,b	in a.(c)
121	FUNCTION	3.9	ld a,c	bit 7.c	out felle
122	not used	74	ld a,d	bit 7, d	adc hl.sp
123	not used	78	ld a.e	bit 7.e	Id sp.(NN)
124	met used	7C	ld a,tr	bit 7,h	
125	not used	713	ld a.l	bit 7.1	
126	TWITTORF	7E	ld a, lhl)	Bit 7, (Bill	
127	durstir	38	ld.a.a	bit 7.a	
128	6	80	add e.b	res G, b	
129		8.8	add a.c	res Q.c	
130	Bar	92	add a.d	res@,d	
131	interest and the second	83	add a.e	res O.e.	
132		84	add a.h	ras Ø,fr	
133		85	add a.l	res0.l	
134	36	96	add a.lhl	res Ø, (hit)	
135	198	87	add a,a	ros Q.a	
735	20	99	adc a, b	198 7,5	
137	207	89	ade a,c	res 1.c	
138	100	BA.	adc a.d	105 1,0	
139	inverse"	88	adc a,e	res 1.9	
740	revierse	9.5	adc a.h	106 7,11	
141	inverse \$	BD-	ade a, l	res f.l	
142	inverse	BE	adca, Cull	res 1, lhl)	

Code	Character	inge	Z80 assembler	-after CB	-after ED
143	inverse ?	g _F			OILLI ED
144	inverse !	90	adc e.a	res 1.a	
146	inverse l	91	sub b	res 2.h	
146		92	sub-c	186 Z C	
147	inverse >	93	sub d	ves 2 d	
148	inverse <		sub e	res 2,e	
149	inverse =	94	sub h	res 2,1,	
158	mverse +	95	sub	ries Z,	
151	inverse -	36	sub IHI	165 2,111	
152	myerae	97	subia	res Z,a	
153	inverse	98	she a.t.	res 3,b	
154	mvenar.	99 9A	5bc B.c	nes 3.c	
155	inverse	594	she a.rl	165 310	
158			sho ale	ms 3.e	
157	mearan 6	90	sbc a.h	res 3.4	
158	inverse 1	SE SE	sbca.l	10.31	
159	nverse 2	96	sbc a, (hl)	165 3.(b))	
160	nverse 3	AS	shc a.a	s.E 291	
161	nverse 5	a:	and b	res 4.b	ldı.
182		A2	and c	res 4,c	coi
163	inverse 6		and d	205 4. d	ini
-64	inverse 7	8.3	and n	185 4 .e	nuti
165	inverse 8		and h	nes 4, h	
166	inversa 9	A6	andl	res 4,1	
167	inverse A	400	and (hill	ras 4, (alt	
108	inverse B	100	9965	res 4,a	
169	inverse C	AG	XOLP	res 5.b	ldd
170	inverse D	8.0	XCST IC	766 b.d	mboto.
171	inverse E	為益	49/1d	nes 5,c	- 1
172	inverse F	AB	XC. 9	166.5.6	htuo
	inverse G	40	#8f11	TRIS 5.11	
173	inverse in	80	KEIF	-868 S.I	
	1 9 0070 01	AG	KOF IND	res 5. lhl)	
175	nverse J		KEIFEL	res 5.8	
177	meaning K	BO	01D	rus 8,b	Idir
178	STABLES F	81	400 C	res 6,c	Chit
	mverse M	82	015	The E rt.	IDIL
179	inverse N	83	1016	180 G E	1800
180	promation O	84	CLU	55 6 h	
	inverse F	85	107	100 6,1	
182	пічненью С	86	or Ibi-	PHO 5, (11.1	
183	inverse F	87	DF B	186 S.a.	
184	inverse S	8.5	G 6 6	rest Z, n	dar
185	inverse T	89	50 E	100 7.u	1,500.00
186	inverse U	BA	bes	166 7,0	and a
187	inverse V	SB	25 B	res 7.8	@tolr
188	Inverse W	BC.	90.0	per 7, m	

Cont	Character	3400	286 assente	after CB	-atter et
189	inverse X	BD	up I	res 7.1	
190	inverse Y	BE	cp (bll	res 7, bill	
191	inverse Z	BF	cpa	res 7.a	
192	1141	CQ-	retoz	set 0.b	
193	AT	C1	pays too	set 0,c	
194	TAB	CZ	ip nz.NN	snt Ø.d	
195	not used	C3	INMO	set 0.e	
196	CODE	C4	call nz.NN	set Ø,h	
197	VAL	CS	push bc	set O.I	
198	LEN	C6	add a.N	set Ø.(hi)	
199	SIN	C7	rst 0	set O.B	
200	COS	CS	ret z	set 1.h	
201	TAN	C9	rel	set 1.c	
202	ASN	CA	jp z.NN	set 1.d	
203	ACS	CB	The events.	set 1,e	
204		CC	call z.NN	set 1.h	
205	LIN	CD	call NN	set 1.I	
206	EXP	CE	edo a N		
207	INT	CF	rst.B	set 1, a	
208	SOR	DØ	retino		
209	SGN	D1	non de	set 2,6	
218	ABS	02	grant.NN	set 2.c	
211	PEEK	D3		set 2,48	
212	USA	D4	out N,a	\$61.2,6	
213	STR\$	D.5	call nc,NN	set 2,h	
214	CHRS	D6	push de	set 2,I	
215		D7	sub N	set 2. lhl)	
216	INCH	D8	rst 16	set 2,a	
217		D9	retc	set 3.b	
218	AND	DA	EXCX	set 3,c	
219			pc,NN	set 3,d	
220	<= >=	DB	in a,N	set 3,c	
		DC	CBE C, NN	set 3,h	
221	<>	DD	prefixes instruc- tions using ix	set 3.1	
222	THEN	DE	sbc a.N	5881 3, im I	
223	TO	DF	rst 24	set 3.a	
224	STEP	EG	ret po	set 4.b	
225	LPRINT	E1	pop hi	set 4.c	
228	LLIST	E2	ip po.NN	set 4.d	
227	STOP	E3	ex (sp), hl	set 4.e	
228	STOM	E4	call po.NN	set 4.h	
229	FAST	E5	push hi	set 4.I	
230	MEAA	EB	and M	set 4.(ht)	
231	SCROLL	67	rst 32	set 4.e	
232	CONT	EB	ret pe	set 6,b	
233	DHVI	E9	ip (ht)	set 5.c	

Ceste	Character	Her	Z86 assembler	efter CB	-atter£D
234	REM	EA	jp pe,NN	set 5,d	
235	FOR	EB	ex de.hl	set 5.e	
236	GOTO	EC	cell as NN	set 5.1r	
237	GUSUB	ED		set 5.1	
238	INPUT	EE	xor N	set 5,(hill	
239	LOAD	EF	rst-40	set 5.a	
240	LIST	FO	rete	set 6 b	
241	LET	Fl	popaf	set 6.c	
241	PAUSE	F2	ip p.NN	set 6.d	
243	NEXT	F3	dí	set 8,e	
244	POKE	F4	palit p.NN	set 6.h	
245	PRINT	F5	push af	set B,I	
246	PLOT	F6	or N	set G.(hill	
247	RUN	F7	rst 48	set 6.n	
248	SAVE	FB	ret m	set 7.b	
249	BAND	FB	ld sp./=	2007 7.41	
250	(F	FA	ip m.NN	set 7.d	
251	CLS	FB	Bi	set 7.e-	
252	UNPLOT	FC	call as NN	set 7.h	
253	CLEAR	FO.	prefixes hotruc-	set 7.1	
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254	RETURN	FE	CD N	set 7.(hii	
255	COPY	FF	rst 56	set 7.p	

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G or M. shifted 7. Code 132 Cussman El or El, shifted 6. Code 113. Cursor down

Report Codes

the st	s table gives each report code, with a generatements and functions in which it can occ statement or function, you will find a more de ror reports mean.	ur. In Chapter 21, under
Code	Meaning	Situations
0	Successful completion, or jump to line number bigger than any existing. A report with code 0 does not change the line number used by CONT.	Any

 The control variable does not exist (has not been set up by a FOR statement), but there is an ordinary variable with the same name. NEXT

An undefined variable has been used

Anv

For a simple variable this will happen if the variable is used before it has been assigned to in a LET statement.

For a subscripted variable it will happen if the variable is used before it has been dimensioned in a DIM statement

For a control variable in a FOR statement and if there is no ordinary simple variable with the same name

3 Subscript out of range. If the subscript is out of range (negative, or bigger than 65535), error B will result. Subscripted variables

4 Not enough room in memory. Note that the line number in the report (after the /) may not be complete on the screen. LET, INPUT, DIM, PRINT, LIST, PLOT, UNPLOT, FOR, Code Meaning

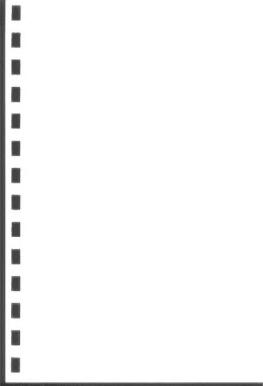
	because of the shortage of memory: for instance, 4/20 may appear as 4/2. See Chapter 9.	GOSUB. Sometimes during function evaluation.
5	No more room on the screen. CONT will make room by clearing the screen.	PRINT, LIST, PLOT, UNPLOT
6	Arithmetic overflow; calculations have led to a number greater than about 10 ²⁸ .	Any arithmetic
7	No corresponding GOSUB for a RETURN statement.	RETURN
8	You have attempted an INPUT command (not silowed).	INPUT
9	STOP statement executed. CONT will not try to reexecute the STOP statement.	STOP
A	Invalid argument to certain functions.	SQR, LN, ASN, ACS
В	Integer out of range. When an integer is required, the floating-point argument is rounded to the nearest integer. If this is outside a suitable range, error B results.	RUN, RAND, POKE, DIM, GOTO, GOSUB, LIST, PAUSE, PLOT, UNPLOT, CHR\$, PEEK, USR
	For array access, see also Report 3.	Array access
C	The text of the (string) argument of VAL does not form a valid numerical expression.	VAL
D	Program interrupted by BREAK.	At the end of any state- ment, or in LOAD, SAVE, LPRINT, LLIST, or COPY.
	(ii) The INPUT line starts with STOP.	INPUT
E	Natused	

The program name provided is the empty SAVE

Situations

F

string.



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